

HSBC BANK A.Ş.

**PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES AT 31 MARCH 2022
TOGETHER WITH AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT**

**(Convenience translation of publicly announced consolidated financial statements
and independent auditor's limited review report at 31 March 2022,
See Note I. of Section Three)**



AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ON INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(Convenience translation of publicly announced consolidated financial statements and independent auditor's limited review report at 31 March 2022, See Note I. of Section Three)

To the General Assembly of HSBC Bank A.Ş.;

Introduction

We have reviewed the consolidated balance sheet of HSBC Bank A.Ş. ("the Bank") and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") at 31 March 2022 and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements for the three-month-period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of interim financial information in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation which includes "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Limited Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

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Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial information do not present fairly in all material respects the financial position of HSBC Bank A.Ş. and its consolidated subsidiaries at 31 March 2022 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the nine-month-period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

Other Matters

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2021 and as at and for the three-month period ended 31 March 2021 were audited and reviewed by another independent audit firm that expressed a unqualified opinion results in the audit report dated 8 March 2021 and unqualified conclusion in the auditor's review report dated 24 May 2021.

Report on other regulatory requirements arising from legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section Seven, is not consistent with the reviewed consolidated financial statements and disclosures in all material respects.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

The effects of differences between accounting principles and standards explained in detail in Section Three and accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve
Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Zeynep Uras, SMMM
Partner

İstanbul, 28 June 2022

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REVIEW REPORT
ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE IN NOTE I. OF SECTION THREE**

**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF HSBC BANK A.Ş. AND ITS FINANCIAL
AFFILIATES AS OF AND FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

Address of Bank's Headquarters : Büyükdere Caddesi No 128 Esentepe, Şişli 34394, İstanbul
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The consolidated financial report for the three month period prepared in accordance with Communiqué on the Financial Statements and the Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Publicly Announced as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT PARENT BANK
- CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PARENT BANK
- EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED IN THE RELATED PERIOD
- INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP WHICH IS UNDER CONSOLIDATION
- EXPLANATORY DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S LIMITED REVIEW REPORT
- INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

Our subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnership of which financial statements have been consolidated within the framework of this period's consolidated financial statements are:

	Participations	Subsidiaries	Investments
1.	HSBC Yatırım ve Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	-	-

The consolidated financial statements for the three month period and related explanations and footnotes in this report are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Banks' Accounting Applications and Principles and Procedures Concerning the Preservation of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and annexes interpretations thereof and are denominated as **TL thousand** unless otherwise specified, are held to subject to limited independent review and are presented enclosed.

Didem Çerçi
Vice President of the
Executive Board / Head
of Audit Committee

Süleyman Selim Kervancı
General Manager

Robert Adrian Underwood
Member of Audit Committee

Burçin Ozan
Financial Reporting
Assistant General Manager

Yerlioza Küll
Group Head

Information about the responsible personnel whom questions may be asked:

Name-Surname/Title : Elburuz İnceman/Senior Manager
Tel : (0212) 336 2708
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**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED
IN TURKISH, SEE IN NOTE 3.I**

HSBC BANK A.Ş.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TL”))

SECTION ONE

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK

**I. THE PARENT BANK’S FOUNDATION DATE, START-UP STATUS, HISTORY
REGARDING THE CHANGES IN THIS STATUS**

The establishment of HSBC Bank A.Ş. (“The Parent Bank”) to engage in commercial banking activities was authorized by the Council of Ministers decision dated 27 June 1990 and numbered 90/644, and the Articles of Association was published in the Official Gazette dated 18 September 1990 and numbered 2611. The Parent Bank is a foreign-capitalized bank which has been registered in accordance with the Law on Encouraging Foreign Investments numbered 6224. On 20 September 2001, the ‘Share Sales Agreement’ regarding the sale of all shares of Demirbank T.A.Ş., which was under in Saving Deposit Insurance Fund, was signed by the Parent Bank’s main shareholder HSBC Bank Plc. According to this agreement, the required procedures shall be completed by 31 October 2001 and all shares of the Demirbank T.A.Ş., together with a part of the assets and liabilities shall be transferred to HSBC Bank Plc on 31 October 2001. In 14 December 2001, Demirbank T.A.Ş. and the Parent Bank merged under the name of HSBC Bank Anonim Şirketi and continued its activities. Based on the approval of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency dated 21 June 2017, 10,01% share of HSBC Bank Plc.’s 100% ownership of the Bank’s capital was transferred to HSBC Bank Middle East Limited and remaining 89,99% share of HSBC Bank Plc. was transferred to HSBC Middle East Holdings B.V. through share transfer agreement dated 29 June 2017.

**II. EXPLANATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK’S CAPITAL STRUCTURE,
SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT BANK WHO ARE IN CHARGE OF THE
MANAGEMENT AND/OR AUDITING OF THE PARENT BANK DIRECTLY OR
INDIRECTLY, CHANGES IN THESE MATTERS (IF ANY) AND THE GROUP THAT THE
BANK BELONGS TO**

As of 31 March 2022, the Parent Bank’s nominal capital amounting to TL 652.290 is dividend to 65.229.000.000 shares with a nominal value of TL 0.01. Based on the approval of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency dated 21 June 2017, 10,01% share of HSBC Bank Plc.’s 100% ownership of the Parent Bank’s capital was transferred to HSBC Bank Middle East Limited and remaining 89,99% share of HSBC Bank Plc. was transferred to HSBC Middle East Holdings B.V. through share transfer agreement dated 29 June 2017. As of 31 March 2022 there has been no changes regarding the Parent Bank’s capital structure and shareholders of the Bank who are in charge of the management or auditing of the Bank directly or indirectly.

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED
IN TURKISH, SEE IN NOTE 3.I**

HSBC BANK A.Ş.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TL”).)

III. EXPLANATION ON THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, MEMBERS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE, PRESIDENT AND EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS, IF AVAILABLE, SHARES OF THE PARENT BANK THEY POSSESS AND THEIR AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITIES

<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Responsibility</u>	<u>Education</u>
Chairman of the Board:	Paul Joseph LAWRENCE	Chairman	Undergraduate
Vice President of the Executive Board:	Didem ÇERÇİ	Deputy Chairman	Undergraduate
Board of Directors:	Süleyman Selim KERVANCI	Member, CEO	Graduate
	Robert Adrian UNDERWOOD	Member	Undergraduate
	Ayşe Ebru DORMAN	Member	Graduate
	Robert Cyril OATES	Member	Undergraduate
	Christopher James HATTON	Member	Graduate
CEO:	Süleyman Selim KERVANCI	CEO	Graduate
Head of Internal Audit:	Ercan OĞUL	Head of Internal Audit	Graduate
Deputy CEO:	Burçin OZAN	Finance	Graduate
Executive Vice President:	Anthony WRIGHT	Credit and Risk	Graduate
	Ayşe YENEL	Retail Banking	Undergraduate
	Burçin OZAN	Finance	Undergraduate
	Funda TEMOÇİN AYDOĞAN	Human Resources	Undergraduate
	İbrahim Namık AKSEL	Treasury and Capital Markets	Graduate
	Tolga TÛZÛNER	Head of Legal Advisor	Graduate
	Dilek Güleç SALZBURG	Global Banking	Undergraduate
	Caner IŞLAK	Corporate Banking	Graduate
	Tuğçe BORA KILIÇ	Technology and Services	Graduate
Audit Committee:	Didem ÇERÇİ	Head of the Audit Committee	Undergraduate
	Robert Adrian UNDERWOOD	Member of the Audit Committee	Graduate
	Christopher James HATTON	Member of the Audit Committee	Graduate

The individuals mentioned above do not possess any share of the Parent Bank.

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED
IN TURKISH, SEE IN NOTE 3.I**

HSBC BANK A.Ş.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

IV. INFORMATION ON THE INDIVIDUAL AND CORPORATE SHAREHOLDERS HAVING CONTROL SHARES OF THE PARENT BANK

Name/Commercial Title	Share Amounts (Nominal) ^(*)	Share Percentages	Paid-in capital (Nominal) ^(*)	Unpaid Portion
HSBC Middle East Holdings B.V.	586.995.771	89,99%	586.995.771	-
HSBC Bank Middle East Limited	65.294.226	10,01%	65.294.226	-

(*) The amounts are expressed in full TL.

V. INFORMATION ON THE PARENT BANK'S SERVICE TYPES AND FIELDS OF OPERATION

The Parent Bank's activities in accordance with related regulations and the articles of association of the Parent Bank summarized are as follows;

- To accept all kinds of deposits both in Turkish Lira and in foreign currency,
- To provide funds in Turkish Lira and foreign exchange, for own use or as an intermediary,
- To launch cash and non-cash loans,
- To perform discount and purchase activities,
- To perform order transmissions brokerage, transactions brokerage, portfolios brokerage, restricted custody and general custody activities in accordance with Capital Markets regulations,
- To perform factoring activities,
- To perform payment services.

In addition to regular banking operations, the Bank also provides insurance intermediary services as an agency of Türkiye Sigorta, Axa Sigorta, Zurich Sigorta, Allianz Hayat ve Emeklilik, Allianz Sigorta, Gulf Sigorta, Euler Hermes and Anadolu Hayat Emeklilik through its branches also the Bank shares portfolio with Marsh Sigorta and Reasürans Brokerlik, including customer referral and acts as an intermediary in order transmission on behalf of HSBC Yatırım.

As of 31 March 2022, the Parent Bank has 70 branches dispersed throughout the country (31 December 2021: 70 branches).

As of 31 March 2022, the number of employees of the Group is 1.916 (31 December 2021: 1.925).

VI. OTHER MATTERS

Unless otherwise stated, the consolidated financial statements and explanations and notes regarding the consolidated financial statements have been prepared in thousands of Turkish Lira.

VII. INFORMATION OF INSTITUTIONS IN CONSOLIDATION SCOPE

The Parent Bank and HSBC Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. ("HSBC Yatırım") and HSBC Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., a subsidiary of HSBC Yatırım. ("HSBC Portfolio") is included in the scope of consolidation.

The subsidiaries consolidated along with the Parent Bank are referred to as "the Group".

The consolidated financial statements has been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 8 November 2006 and numbered 26340 and "Consolidated Financial Statements" ("TFRS 10").

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED
IN TURKISH, SEE IN NOTE 3.I**

HSBC BANK A.Ş.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 MARCH 2022

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL".))

**VIII. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE COMMUNIQUE ON PREPARATION OF
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BANKS AND TURKISH ACCOUNTING
STANDARDS AND SHORT EXPLANATION ABOUT INSTITUTIONS SUBJECT TO FULL
CONSOLIDATION METHOD OR PROPORTIONAL CONSOLIDATION AND
INSTITUTIONS WHICH ARE DEDUCTED FROM EQUITY OR NOT INCLUDED IN THESE
THREE METHODS**

Due to the differences between the "Communiqué on the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" and the consolidation transactions made in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards, HSBC Ödeme Sistemleri ve Bilgisayar Teknolojileri Basın Yayın ve Müşteri Hizmetleri A.Ş. is not accounted within the full consolidation method in the consolidated financial statements during the consolidation process in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards. HSBC Ödeme Sistemleri ve Bilgisayar Teknolojileri Basın Yayın ve Müşteri Hizmetleri A.Ş. was liquidated on 28 March 2022. The subsidiary of the bank, HSBC Yatırım ve Menkul Değerler A.Ş. is included in the scope of full consolidation with its consolidated financial statements.

**IX. THE EXISTING OR POTENTIAL, ACTUAL OR LEGAL OBSTACLES ON THE TRANSFER
OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY BETWEEN THE PARENT BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
OR REIMBURSEMENT OF LIABILITIES**

None.

SECTION TWO

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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- IV. Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income**
- V. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity**
- VI. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN
TURKISH, SEE IN NOTE 3.I**

**HSBC BANK A.Ş.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
AS OF 31 MARCH 2022 AND 31 DECEMBER 2021
(STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)**

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TL”).)

**SECTION TWO
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

I. BALANCE SHEET	Note (Section Five I)	Reviewed Current Period (31.03.2022)			Audited Prior Period (31.12.2021)		
		TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
ASSETS							
I. FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		10.635.619	31.130.943	41.766.562	7.723.749	38.335.187	46.058.936
1.1 Cash and Cash Equivalents		5.661.826	27.316.681	32.978.507	3.674.598	34.622.985	38.297.583
1.1.1 Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(I-a)	146.984	9.992.177	10.139.161	1.070.253	10.120.969	11.191.222
1.1.2 Banks	(I-c)	303.513	1.222.015	1.525.528	26.254	997.400	1.023.654
1.1.3 Money Market Placements		5.216.860	16.102.489	21.319.349	2.583.996	23.504.616	26.088.612
1.1.4 Expected Loss Provision (-)		5.531	-	5.531	5.905	-	5.905
1.2 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(I-b)	652.565	258.677	911.242	95.684	132.668	228.352
1.2.1 Government Debt Securities		646.998	258.677	905.675	90.117	132.668	222.785
1.2.2 Equity Instruments		5.567	-	5.567	5.567	-	5.567
1.2.3 Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(I-d)	3.962.018	-	3.962.018	3.657.056	-	3.657.056
1.3.1 Government Debt Securities		3.962.018	-	3.962.018	3.657.056	-	3.657.056
1.3.2 Equity Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3.3 Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4 Derivative Financial Assets	(I-b)	359.210	3.555.585	3.914.795	296.411	3.579.534	3.875.945
1.4.1 Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		359.210	3.555.585	3.914.795	296.411	3.579.534	3.875.945
1.4.2 Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(I-k)	-	-	-	-	-	-
II. FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED COST (NET)		13.477.822	20.193.956	33.671.778	10.536.264	17.785.207	28.321.471
2.1 Loans	(I-e)	15.048.228	20.193.956	35.242.184	12.052.130	17.785.207	29.837.337
2.2 Lease Receivables	(I-j)	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.3 Factoring Receivables		316.205	-	316.205	286.586	-	286.586
2.4 Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(I-f)	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4.1 Government Debt Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4.2 Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.5 Expected Credit Losses (-)		1.886.611	-	1.886.611	1.802.452	-	1.802.452
III. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (NET)	(I-p)	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1 Held for Sale Purpose		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2 Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
IV. EQUITY INVESTMENTS		-	-	-	220	-	220
4.1 Investments in Associates (Net)	(I-g)	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.1 Accounted Under Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2 Unconsolidated Associates		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2 Subsidiaries (Net)	(I-h)	-	-	-	220	-	220
4.2.1 Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.2 Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		-	-	-	220	-	220
4.3 Entities under Common Control (Joint Venture) (Net)	(I-i)	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.1 Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.2 Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-
V. TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	(I-l)	179.592	-	179.592	186.546	-	186.546
VI. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	(I-m)	244.930	-	244.930	242.695	-	242.695
6.1 Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-
6.2 Other		244.930	-	244.930	242.695	-	242.695
VII. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	(I-n)	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. CURRENT TAX ASSET		-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. DEFERRED TAX ASSET	(I-o)	588.540	-	588.540	668.896	-	668.896
X. OTHER ASSETS	(I-r)	316.242	41.765	358.007	205.390	51.350	256.740
TOTAL ASSETS		25.442.745	51.366.664	76.809.409	19.563.760	56.171.744	75.735.504

The accompanying explanations and notes set out on pages 14 to 83 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN
TURKISH, SEE IN NOTE 3.I**

**HSBC BANK A.Ş.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
AS OF 31 MARCH 2022 AND 31 DECEMBER 2021
(STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)**

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TL”).)

I. BALANCE SHEET	Note (Section Five II)	Reviewed Current Period (31.03.2022)			Audited Prior Period (31.12.2021)		
		TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
LIABILITIES							
I. DEPOSITS	(II-a)	18.748.768	42.460.791	61.209.559	12.829.431	45.096.310	57.925.741
II. FUNDS BORROWED	(II-d)	-	1.062.859	1.062.859	-	957.868	957.868
III. MONEY MARKET BALANCES	(II-c)	3.020	-	3.020	2.309.195	-	2.309.195
IV. MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	(II-e)	404.507	-	404.507	529.156	-	529.156
4.1 Bills		404.507	-	404.507	529.156	-	529.156
4.2 Assets Backed Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3 Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-
V. BORROWER FUNDS		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.1 Borrower Funds		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.2 Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		-	-	-	-	-	-
VII. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	(II-b)	201.567	4.363.857	4.565.424	131.184	4.844.088	4.975.272
7.1 Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		201.567	4.363.857	4.565.424	131.184	4.844.088	4.975.272
7.2 Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. FACTORING LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. LEASE LIABILITIES	(II-g)	74.091	2.247	76.338	100.065	2.202	102.267
X. PROVISIONS	(II-i)	249.209	1.778	250.987	208.448	2.581	211.029
10.1 Restructuring Provisions		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.2 Reverse for Employee Benefits		104.935	-	104.935	76.197	-	76.197
10.3 Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.4 Other Provisions		144.274	1.778	146.052	132.251	2.581	134.832
XI. CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	(II-j)	223.241	-	223.241	647.271	-	647.271
XII. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY	(II-j)	-	-	-	-	-	-
XIII. LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(II-k)	-	-	-	-	-	-
13.1 Held for Sale Purpose		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.2 Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
XIV. SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS	(II-l)	-	2.139.230	2.139.230	-	1.984.831	1.984.831
14.1 Loans		-	2.139.230	2.139.230	-	1.984.831	1.984.831
14.2 Other Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
XV. OTHER LIABILITIES	(II-f)	946.244	1.004.823	1.951.067	810.156	863.264	1.673.420
XVI. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(II-m)	4.923.177	-	4.923.177	4.419.454	-	4.419.454
16.1 Paid-in capital		652.290	-	652.290	652.290	-	652.290
16.2 Capital Reserves		323.573	-	323.573	310.888	-	310.888
16.2.1 Share Premium		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.3 Other Capital Reserves		323.573	-	323.573	310.888	-	310.888
16.3 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		(27.324)	-	(27.324)	(13.911)	-	(13.911)
16.4 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		(93.921)	-	(93.921)	(110.708)	-	(110.708)
16.5 Profit Reserves		3.568.210	-	3.568.210	2.630.000	-	2.630.000
16.5.1 Legal Reserves		202.671	-	202.671	199.731	-	199.731
16.5.2 Status Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.5.3 Extraordinary Reserves		3.365.539	-	3.365.539	2.430.269	-	2.430.269
16.5.4 Other Profit Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.6 Profit Or Loss		500.349	-	500.349	950.895	-	950.895
16.6.1 Prior Years' Profit/Loss		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.6.2 Current Year Profit/Loss		500.349	-	500.349	950.895	-	950.895
16.7 Minority Interest		-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		25.773.824	51.035.585	76.809.409	21.984.360	53.751.144	75.735.504

The accompanying explanations and notes set out on pages 14 to 83 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN
TURKISH, SEE IN NOTE 3.I**

**HSBC BANK A.Ş.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS
AS OF 31 MARCH 2022 AND 31 DECEMBER 2021**

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TL”))

II.	OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS	Note (Section Five III)	Reviewed Current Period (31.03.2022)			Audited Prior Period (31.12.2021)		
			TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
A.	OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)		51.772.674	170.614.227	222.386.901	34.773.960	123.095.751	157.869.711
I.	GUARANTEES AND COLLATERALS	(III-a-2,3)	1.423.259	13.544.572	14.967.831	1.298.821	12.409.289	13.708.110
1.1	Letters of Guarantee		1.393.259	6.445.677	7.838.936	1.268.821	6.090.027	7.358.848
1.1.1	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.1.2	Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.1.3	Other Letters of Guarantee		1.393.259	6.445.677	7.838.936	1.268.821	6.090.027	7.358.848
1.2	Bank Acceptances		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.1	Import Letter of Acceptance		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.2	Other Bank Acceptance		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3	Letters of Credit		30.000	6.706.654	6.736.654	30.000	5.964.093	5.994.093
1.3.1	Documentary Letters of Credit		30.000	4.562.680	4.592.680	30.000	3.369.695	3.399.695
1.3.2	Other Letters of Credit		-	2.143.974	2.143.974	-	2.594.398	2.594.398
1.4	Prefinancing Given as Guarantee		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2	Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6	Securities Issue Purchase Guarantees		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.7	Factoring Guarantees		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.8	Other Guarantees		-	392.241	392.241	-	355.169	355.169
1.9	Other Collaterals		-	-	-	-	-	-
II.	COMMITMENTS	(III-a-1)	8.566.026	24.859.377	33.425.403	5.353.790	7.049.698	12.403.488
2.1	Irrevocable Commitments		8.566.026	24.859.377	33.425.403	5.353.790	7.049.698	12.403.488
2.1.1	Forward Asset Purchase and Sale Commitments		4.244.112	24.858.046	29.102.158	1.114.259	7.048.494	8.162.753
2.1.2	Forward Deposit Purchase and Sales Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.3	Share Capital Commitments to Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.4	Loan Granting Commitments		237.795	-	237.795	237.911	-	237.911
2.1.5	Securities Underwriting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.6	Commitments for Reserve Deposit Requirements		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.7	Payment Commitment for Checks		14.703	-	14.703	14.709	-	14.709
2.1.8	Tax And Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		-	-	2.286	-	2.286	-
2.1.9	Commitments for Credit Card Expenditure Limits		3.552.367	-	3.552.367	3.428.483	-	3.428.483
2.1.10	Commitments for Promotions Related with Credit Cards and Banking Activities		23.361	-	23.361	22.104	-	22.104
2.1.11	Receivables from Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12	Payables for Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.13	Other Irrevocable Commitments		491.402	1.331	492.733	534.038	1.204	535.242
2.2	Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2.1	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2.2	Other Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	(III-b)	41.783.389	132.210.278	173.993.667	28.121.349	103.636.764	131.758.113
3.1	Derivative Financial Instruments for Hedging Purposes		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.1	Fair Value Hedge		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.2	Cash Flow Hedge		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.3	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2	Held for Trading Transactions		41.783.389	132.210.278	173.993.667	28.121.349	103.636.764	131.758.113
3.2.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions		10.674.705	20.718.644	31.393.349	8.801.835	18.681.585	27.483.420
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy		8.284.731	7.043.373	15.328.104	6.454.670	6.693.632	13.148.302
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell		2.389.974	13.675.271	16.065.245	2.347.165	11.987.953	14.335.118
3.2.2	Swap Transactions Related to Foreign Currency and Interest Rate		25.534.098	91.402.194	116.936.292	13.398.624	67.445.218	80.843.842
3.2.2.1	Foreign Currency Swap-Buy		2.832.395	32.692.176	35.524.571	2.319.379	20.207.079	22.526.458
3.2.2.2	Foreign Currency Swap-Sell		9.019.703	30.763.520	39.783.223	4.681.245	22.219.171	26.900.416
3.2.2.3	Interest Rate Swap-Buy		6.841.000	13.973.249	20.814.249	3.199.000	12.509.484	15.708.484
3.2.2.4	Interest Rate Swap-Sell		6.841.000	13.973.249	20.814.249	3.199.000	12.509.484	15.708.484
3.2.3	Foreign Currency, Interest Rate, And Securities Options		5.574.586	14.541.076	20.115.662	5.920.890	11.889.690	17.810.580
3.2.3.1	Foreign Currency Options-Buy		2.787.293	7.270.538	10.057.831	2.960.445	5.944.845	8.905.290
3.2.3.2	Foreign Currency Options-Sell		2.787.293	7.270.538	10.057.831	2.960.445	5.944.845	8.905.290
3.2.3.3	Interest Rate Options-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.3.4	Interest Rate Options-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.3.5	Securities Options-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.3.6	Securities Options-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.4	Foreign Currency Futures		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.4.1	Foreign Currency Futures-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.4.2	Foreign Currency Futures-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.5	Interest Rate Futures		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.5.1	Interest Rate Futures-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.5.2	Interest Rate Futures-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.6	Other		-	5.548.364	5.548.364	-	5.620.271	5.620.271
B.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGES SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)		962.009.069	97.595.102	1.059.604.171	950.756.306	102.629.066	1.053.385.372
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		893.293.946	42.175.774	935.469.720	882.866.689	43.276.979	926.143.668
4.1	Customers' Securities Held		75.982.790	7.782.186	83.764.976	91.489.898	6.115.648	97.605.546
4.2	Investment Securities Held in Custody		815.410.296	16.003.653	831.413.949	789.429.478	22.690.989	812.120.467
4.3	Checks Received for Collection		12.883	274.615	287.498	32.450	273.433	305.883
4.4	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		212.697	31.022	243.719	190.451	33.894	224.345
4.5	Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.7	Other Items Under Custody		1.675.280	18.084.298	19.759.578	1.724.412	14.163.015	15.887.427
4.8	Custodians		-	-	-	-	-	-
V.	PLEDGES ITEMS		65.397.662	22.271.011	87.668.673	65.128.128	30.428.077	95.556.205
5.1	Marketable Securities		242.274	2.240.461	2.482.735	67.297	2.016.807	2.084.104
5.2	Guarantee Notes		53.005	807.338	860.343	39.505	731.903	771.408
5.3	Commodity		637.450	328.024	965.474	622.017	301.088	923.105
5.4	Warranty		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.5	Real Estate		2.670.966	13.490.564	16.161.530	2.812.412	12.576.244	15.388.656
5.6	Other Pledged Items		61.793.967	5.404.624	67.198.591	61.586.897	14.802.035	76.388.932
5.7	Pledged Items-Depository		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	ACCEPTED BILL OF EXCHANGE AND COLLATERALS		3.317.461	33.148.317	36.465.778	2.761.489	28.924.010	31.685.499
TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (A+B)			1.013.781.743	268.209.329	1.281.991.072	985.530.266	225.724.817	1.211.255.083

The accompanying explanations and notes set out on pages 14 to 83 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED
IN TURKISH, SEE IN NOTE 3.I**

**HSBC BANK A.Ş.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE PERIOD
ENDED 31 MARCH 2022 AND 31 MARCH 2021**

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TL”).)

III. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS		Reviewed	
		Current Period (01.01.2022 – 31.03.2022)	Prior Period (01.01.2021 – 31.03.2021)
INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS		Note (Section Five IV)	
I. INTEREST INCOME		(IV-a)	1.284.679
1.1 Interest Income on Loans		(IV-a-1)	981.006
1.2 Interest Received from Reserve Requirements			20.956
1.3 Interest Received from Banks		(IV-a-2)	20.774
1.4 Interest Received from Money Market Transactions			58.424
1.5 Interest Received from Marketable Securities Portfolio		(IV-a-3)	194.563
1.5.1 Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or (Loss)			26.475
1.5.2 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income			168.088
1.5.3 Financial Assets at Measured at Amortized Cost			-
1.6 Financial Lease Income			-
1.7 Other Interest Income			8.956
II. INTEREST EXPENSE (-)		(IV-b)	693.906
2.1 Interest Expense on Deposits		(IV-b-4)	575.633
2.2 Interest Expense on Funds Borrowed		(IV-b-1)	39.420
2.3 Interest Expense on Money Market Transactions			21.470
2.4 Interest on Securities Issued		(IV-b-3)	20.217
2.5 Interest Expense on Lease			3.654
2.6 Other Interest Expenses			33.512
III. NET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)			590.773
IV. NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE			181.878
4.1 Fees and Commissions Received			204.958
4.1.1 Non-Cash Loans			66.045
4.1.2 Other		(IV-l)	138.913
4.2 Fees and Commissions Paid (-)			23.080
4.2.1 Non-Cash Loans			201
4.2.2 Other			22.879
V. DIVIDEND INCOME		(IV-e)	4.176
VI. TRADING INCOME/(LOSS) (Net)		(IV-d)	524.113
6.1 Trading Gains/(Losses) on Securities			79.928
6.2 Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/(Losses)			309.737
6.3 Foreign Exchange Gains/(Losses)			134.448
VII. OTHER OPERATING INCOME		(IV-e)	52.524
VIII. TOTAL OPERATING INCOME (III+IV+V+VI+VII)			1.353.464
IX. PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES (-)		(IV-f)	148.974
X. OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)			6.266
XI. PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)			246.684
XII. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)		(IV-g)	288.296
XIII. NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)			663.244
XIV. EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER			-
XV. INCOME/(LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BASED ON EQUITY METHOD			-
XVI. INCOME/(LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION			-
XVII. PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XIII+...+XVI)			663.244
XVIII. TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		(IV-i)	(162.895)
18.1 Current Tax Provision			(79.826)
18.2 Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)			(81.206)
18.3 Deferred Tax Expense Effect (-)			(1.863)
XIX. NET PROFIT/LOSSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)		(IV-j)	500.349
XX. INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			-
20.1 Income from Non-Current Assets Held for Resale			-
20.2 Profit from Sales of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures (Business Partners)			-
20.3 Other Income From Discontinued Operations			-
XXI. EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)			-
21.1 Expenses for Non-Current Assets Held for Resale			-
21.2 Loss from Sales of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures (Business Partners)			-
21.3 Other Expenses From Discontinued Operations			-
XXII. PROFIT/LOSSES BEFORE TAXES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX-XXI)			-
XXIII. PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)			-
23.1 Current Tax Provision			-
23.2 Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)			-
23.3 Deferred Tax Expense Effect (-)			-
XXIV. NET PROFIT/LOSSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)			-
XXV. NET PROFIT/LOSSES (XIX+XXIV)		(IV-k)	500.349
Earnings/Loss per Share			0,007671
			0,003663

The accompanying explanations and notes set out on pages 14 to 83 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED
IN TURKISH, SEE IN NOTE 3.I**

**HSBC BANK A.Ş.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE PERIODS ENDED AS OF 31 MARCH 2022 AND 31 MARCH 2021**

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TL”).)

IV. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
	Reviewed Current Period (31.03.2022)	Reviewed Prior Period (31.03.2021)
I. CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSS	500.349	238.909
II. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	3.374	(104.168)
2.1 Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	(13.413)	2.933
2.1.1 Property and Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.2 Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.3 Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss	(16.766)	3.860
2.1.4 Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.1.5 Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	3.353	(927)
2.2 Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	16.787	(107.101)
2.2.1 Foreign Currency Translation Differences	-	-
2.2.2 Valuation and/or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	21.318	(132.545)
2.2.3 Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.4 Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.5 Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	-	-
2.2.6 Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	(4.531)	25.444
III. TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	503.723	134.741

The accompanying explanations and notes set out on pages 14 to 83 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN
TURKISH, SEE IN NOTE 3.I**

HSBC BANK A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY																		
Reviewed Prior Period 31 March 2021	Note Section Five	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense Not Reclassified through Profit or Loss			Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense Reclassified through Profit or Loss			Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit/ (Loss)	Net Profit/ (Loss)	Total Equity Expect from Minority Interest	Minority Interest	Total Equity	
						1	2	3	4	5	6							
I. Balances at the Beginning of the Period – 31 December 2021		652.290	-	-	272.693	-	(20.974)	-	-	9.735	-	2.215.463	-	452.732	3.581.939	-	3.581.939	
II. Corrections According to TAS 8																		
2.1 Effects of Corrections																		
2.2 Effects of the Changes in Accounting Policies																		
III. Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)		652.290			272.693		(20.974)			9.735		2.215.463		452.732	3.581.939		3.581.939	
IV. Total Comprehensive Income	(V-a)						2.933			(107.101)				238.909	134.741		134.741	
V. Capital Increase by Cash																		
VI. Capital Increase by Internal Sources																		
VII. Paid-in capital inflation adjustment difference																		
VIII. Convertible Bonds to Shares																		
IX. Subordinated Debt Instruments																		
X. Increase/Decrease by Other Changes																		
XI. Profit Distribution					38.195							414.537		(452.732)				
11.1 Dividends Paid																		
11.2 Transfers to Reserves												452.732		(452.732)				
11.3 Other					38.195							(38.195)						
Period-End Balance (III+IV+.....+X+XI)		652.290	-	-	310.888	-	(18.041)	-	-	(97.366)	-	2.630.000	-	238.909	3.716.680	-	3.716.680	

- Increase/Decrease of Accumulated Revaluation Reserve on Tangible,
- Accumulated Gains/Losses on Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans,
- Other (Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted with Equity Method That Will Not Be Reclassified at Profit and Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items That Will Not Be Reclassified at Profit or Loss,,
- Foreign Currency Translation Differences,
- Accumulated Revaluation and/or Classification Gains / (Losses) of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income,
- Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gains/Losses, Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted with Equity Method That Will Be Reclassified at Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items That Will Be Reclassified at Profit or Loss).

The accompanying explanations and notes set out on pages 14 to 83 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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HSBC BANK A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").)

V. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY																	
						Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense Not Reclassified through Profit or Loss			Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense Reclassified through Profit or Loss								
Reviewed Current Period 31 March 2022	Note Section Five	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit/ (Loss)	Net Profit/ (Loss)	Total Equity Expect from Minority Interest	Minority Interest	Total Equity
I. Balances at the Beginning of the Period - 31 December 2021		652.290	-	-	310.888	-	(13.911)	-	-	(110.708)	-	2.630.000	-	950.895	4.419.454	-	4.419.454
II. Corrections According to TAS 8		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1 Effects of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 Effects of the Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III. Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)		652.290	-	-	310.888	-	(13.911)	-	-	(110.708)	-	2.630.000	-	950.895	4.419.454	-	4.419.454
IV. Total Comprehensive Income	(V-a)	-	-	-	-	-	(13.413)	-	-	16.787	-	-	-	500.349	503.723	-	503.723
V. Capital Increase by Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI. Capital Increase by Internal Sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII. Paid-in capital inflation adjustment difference		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. Convertible Bonds to Shares		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. Subordinated Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X. Increase/Decrease by Other Changes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI. Profit Distribution		-	-	-	12.685	-	-	-	-	-	-	938.210	-	(950.895)	-	-	-
11.1 Dividends Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2 Transfers to Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	950.895	-	(950.895)	-	-	-
11.3 Other		-	-	-	12.685	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12.685)	-	-	-	-	-
Period-End Balance (III+IV+.....+X+XI)		652.290	-	-	323.573	-	(27.324)	-	-	(93.921)	-	3.568.210	-	500.349	4.923.177	-	4.923.177

- Increase/Decrease of Accumulated Revaluation Reserve on Tangible,
- Accumulated Gains/Losses on Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans,
- Other (Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted with Equity Method That Will Not Be Reclassified at Profit and Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items That Will Not Be Reclassified at Profit or Loss,
- Foreign Currency Translation Differences,
- Accumulated Revaluation and/or Classification Gains /(Losses) of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income,
- Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gains/Losses, Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted with Equity Method That Will Be Reclassified at Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items That Will Be Reclassified at Profit or Loss).

The accompanying explanations and notes set out on pages 14 to 83 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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**HSBC BANK A.Ş.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIODS
ENDED 31 MARCH 2022 AND 31 MARCH 2021**

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TL”).)

VI. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS			
	Note (Section Five VI)	Reviewed Current Period (31.03.2022)	Reviewed Prior Period (31.03.2021)
A. CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1 Operating Profit Before Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities	(VI-a)	458.838	242.397
1.1.1 Interest Received	(VI-a)	1.162.826	832.004
1.1.2 Interest Paid	(VI-a)	(560.555)	(405.419)
1.1.3 Dividend Received		4.176	-
1.1.4 Fees and Commissions Received		196.273	91.166
1.1.5 Other Income		50.616	54.217
1.1.6 Collections From Previously Written-Off Loans and Other Receivables		41.336	19.659
1.1.7 Cash Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers	(VI-a)	(289.428)	(188.313)
1.1.8 Taxes Paid		(110.702)	(61.224)
1.1.9 Other		(35.704)	(99.693)
1.2 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities Subject to Banking Operations		(5.537.782)	4.258.798
1.2.1 Net (Increase)/Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		(668.990)	(938.864)
1.2.2 Net (Increase)/Decrease in Due From Banks		(207.436)	(735.548)
1.2.3 Net (Increase)/Decrease in Loans		(5.381.734)	(173.653)
1.2.4 Net (Increase)/Decrease in Other Assets		(142.674)	330.629
1.2.5 Net (Increase)/Decrease in Bank Deposits		761.845	(152.731)
1.2.6 Net Increase/(Decrease) in Other Deposits		2.406.335	7.179.270
1.2.7 Net Increase/(Decrease) in Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		-	-
1.2.8 Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed		-	76.498
1.2.9 Net Increase/(Decrease) in Matured Payables		-	-
1.2.10 Net Increase/(Decrease) in Other Liabilities		(2.305.128)	(1.326.803)
I. Net Cash Provided From Banking Operations		(5.078.944)	4.501.195
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II. Net Cash Provided From Investing Activities		(283.387)	1.175.769
2.1 Cash Paid for the Purchase of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-
2.2 Cash Obtained from the Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-
2.3 Cash Paid for the Purchase of Tangible and Intangible Asset		(7.597)	(13.118)
2.4 Cash Obtained from the Sale of Tangible and Intangible Asset		117	26.268
2.5 Cash Paid for Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		(1.330.812)	(243.597)
2.6 Cash Obtained from the Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		1.078.265	1.422.033
2.7 Cash Paid for Purchase of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost		-	-
2.8 Cash Obtained From Sale of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost		-	-
2.9 Other		(23.360)	(15.817)
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III. Net Cash Provided From Financing Activities		(152.391)	(118)
3.1 Cash Obtained From Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		288.000	710.228
3.2 Cash Outflow From Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		(418.500)	(705.190)
3.3 Equity Instruments Issued		-	-
3.4 Dividends Paid		-	-
3.5 Payments for Finance Lease Liabilities		(21.891)	(5.156)
3.6 Other		-	-
IV. Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents	(VI-a)	(11.734)	31.746
V. Net (Decrease)/Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (I+II+III+IV)		(5.526.456)	5.708.592
VI. Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Period	(VI-d)	29.924.173	6.913.155
VII. Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Period	(VI-d)	24.397.717	12.621.747

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**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED CONSOLIDATED
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(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TL”).)

SECTION THREE

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. EXPLANATIONS ON BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding Banks’ Accounting Application and Keeping Documents:

The Group prepared the accompanying consolidated financial statements within the scope of the “Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents” related with Banking Law numbered 5411 published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006 and in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to accounting and financial reporting principles published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (“BRSA”) and in case where a specific regulation is not made by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standards published by the Public Oversight Accounting for the format and detail of the publicly announced consolidated financial statements and notes to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the “Communiqué on Publicly Announced Financial Statements, Explanations and Notes to These Financial Statements”, published in Official Gazette no. 28337, dated 28 June 2012, and amendments to this Communiqué dated 1 February 2019 which include Turkish Accounting Standard principles.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in TL, under the historical cost convention as modified in accordance with inflation adjustments until 31 December 2004, except for the financial assets and liabilities, which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires the Bank Management to use of certain make assumptions and estimates on the assets and liabilities of the balance sheet and contingent issues as of the balance sheet date. These estimates are reviewed regularly and, when necessary, corrections are made and the effects of these corrections are reflected to the income statement. The estimations and projections used are explained in corresponding disclosures.

b. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the presentation of consolidated financial statements:

Accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are determined and applied, in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to accounting and financial reporting principles published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (“BRSA”), and are consistent with the accounting policies applied in the annual financial statements prepared for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The accounting policies and valuation principles related with current period are explained in Notes II to XXXI.

The coronavirus epidemic which emerged in the first half of 2020 and has spread to various countries in the world, causing potentially fatal respiratory/infections, negatively affects both regional and global economic conditions, as well as it causes disruptions in operations, especially countries that are exposed to the epidemic. As a result of the spread of COVID-19 around the world, several measures have been taken in our country as well as in the world in order to prevent the spread of the virus and measures are still being taken. In addition to these measures, economic measures are also taken to minimize the economic impact of the virus outbreak on individuals and businesses in our country and worldwide.

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I. EXPLANATIONS ON BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Since it is aimed to update the most recent consolidated financial information in the interim consolidated financial statements prepared as of 31 March 2022, considering the magnitude of the economic changes due to COVID-19, the Parent Bank made certain estimates in the calculation of expected credit losses and disclosed them in explained note numbered VIII “Explanations On Expected Credit Losses”. At the each quarter periods, the Bank will update its relevant assumptions as necessary and revise the realizations of past estimates.

On 20 January 2022, the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority made a statement on the Implementation of Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies within the Scope of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, Financial Reporting Standard for Large and Medium Sized Enterprises. Accordingly, it has been stated that companies applying TFRS do not need to make any adjustments in their financial statements for 2021 within the scope of TAS 29 Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies. As of the preparation date of the financial statements, no new announcement has been made by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority in this context, and no inflation adjustment has been made within the scope of TAS 29 in the financial statements dated 31 March 2022.

The tension between Russia and Ukraine since the beginning of 2022 has turned into a crisis and a hot conflict and continues as of the date of the report. The Bank does not carry out any activities in the two countries subject to the crisis, and the said crisis is not expected to have a direct impact on the Bank's operations. However, since the course of the crisis is uncertain as of the report date, developments that may occur on a global scale are monitored, and the possible reflections of these developments on the global and regional economy, the effects on the Bank's operations are closely monitored and taken into account with the best estimation approach in the preparation of the financial statements.

c. Different accounting policies applied in the preparation of consolidated financial statements:

Where the accounting policies used by the subsidiaries differ from the Parent Bank, the differences are aligned in the financial statements by taking into account the materiality criterion.

Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

New and revised Turkish Accounting Standards effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 have no material effect on the financial statements, financial performance and on the Group's accounting policies. New and revised Turkish Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective as of the finalization date of the financial statements have no material effect on the financial statements, financial performance and on the Group's accounting policies.

Within the scope of the Major Benchmark Interest Rates Reform, in 2021, alternative interest rates to be accepted have started to be used instead of the current benchmark interest rates, especially Libor. In the financial statements of the Bank, there are liabilities such as borrowings and derivative transactions and off-balance sheet instruments, in addition to variable interest assets such as securities and loans indexed to benchmark interest rates. As of 31 March 2022, the changes brought by the reform did not have a significant impact on the Bank's financial statements.

Explanation for convenience translation into English:

The differences between accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation, account principles, generally accepted in countries in which the complying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) have not been quantified in these consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

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II. EXPLANATIONS ON STRATEGY OF USING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND EXPLANATIONS ON FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

The main sources of the Parent Bank are customer deposits and borrowings from abroad. The Parent Bank’s liquidity structure covers the financing of all liabilities at due date. This liquidity structure of the Bank has been established by diversifying fund resources and keeping sufficient cash and cash equivalences.

The Group applies sophisticated methods of the group in daily market risk managing and control activities. In measuring the market risk and determining limits, “Value at Risk” (“VaR”) approach is being applied. For the portfolios which are subject to market risk; interest rate and currency risks are monitored; with regard to this, limits such as daily and monthly maximum loss limits regarding the exchange rate and share price risk, Value at Risk limits, maturity limits and quantity limits are being applied. The limit usages are being monitored through various checkpoints and reported to the top management. Risk monitoring and control activities are being performed by independent units. For the portfolios, which are subject to the interest risks, sensitivity of the changes in interest rates are being analyzed by “Present Value Basis Points” method (“PVBP”) and relevant limits are being determined.

Various stress scenarios, liquidity, gap and volatility analyzes are performed regarding the monitoring and management of market risk as well as control. By means of these analyzes, it is aimed to be ready for possible risks and to take quick decisions regarding the targeted profitability.

Analyses that are conducted related to determined risks are being tracked by committees such as the Asset-Liability Committee and value adding decisions are made. The foreign exchange gains and losses from the foreign exchange transactions are being recorded at the date of transactions conducted. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated with the exchange rates prevailing. Gains and losses arising from such valuations are recognized in the income statement under the account of “Foreign exchange gains or losses”, except for foreign currency, non-performing loans and other foreign currency denominated non-monetary assets and liabilities.

III. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES

The Group has no investments in associates as of 31 March 2022. The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with TFRS 10 “Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements” and BRSA communiqué published on the Official Gazette numbered 26340 and dated 8 November 2006. Non-financial subsidiary of the Bank is HSBC Ödeme Sistemleri ve Bilgisayar Teknolojileri Basın Yayın ve Müşteri Hizmetleri A.Ş.. HSBC Ödeme Sistemleri ve Bilgisayar Teknolojileri Basın Yayın ve Müşteri Hizmetleri A.Ş. was liquidated on 28 March 2022.

The corporations included in consolidation and their places of incorporation, nature of activities and shareholding percentages are as follows:

Name	Consolidation Method	Place of Establishment	Subject of Operations	The Group’s share percentage- If different voting percentage (%)
HSBC Yatırım ve Menkul Değerler A.Ş.(*)	Full consolidation	Turkey	Securities Intermediary Services	100,00

(*) HSBC Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. (“HSBC Yatırım”) and HSBC Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. (“HSBC Portfolio”), a subsidiary of HSBC Yatırım included in the scope of consolidation.

IV. EXPLANATIONS ON FORWARD TRANSACTIONS, OPTIONS AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

In order to reduce the foreign exchange position risk the Parent Bank conducts currency forward purchase and sale transaction agreements, currency swap purchase and sale transaction agreements and option purchase and sale agreements. In order to reduce the interest risk, the Bank conducts interest futures and forward interest rate agreements. The fair value differences of derivative instruments that are reflected in the profit and loss accounts are measured at fair value and associated with income statement during recognition. If the fair value of derivative financial instruments is positive, it is disclosed under the main account “Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss”; and if the fair value difference is negative, it is disclosed under “Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss”. Differences arising from the valuation of fair value are reflected in the “Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/Losses” account under income.

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V. EXPLANATIONS ON INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSES

Interest income is recorded according to the effective interest rate method (rate equal to net present value of future cash flows or financial assets and liabilities) defined in the TFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” standard by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for: purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets or financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. When applying the effective interest rate method, an entity identifies fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate method of a financial instrument. Fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of a financial instrument are treated as an adjustment to the effective interest rate, unless the financial instrument is measured at fair value, with the change in fair value being recognized in profit or loss.

When applying the effective interest method, The Parent Bank amortized any fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts that are included in the calculation of the effective interest rate over the expected life of the financial instrument. In case an interest was accrued on a security before its acquisition, the collected interest is divided into two parts as interest before and after the acquisition and only the interest of the period after the acquisition is recorded as interest income in the financial statements. If the expectation for the cash flows from financial asset is revised for reasons other than the credit risk, the change is reflected in the carrying amount of asset and in the related statement of profit or loss line and is amortized over the estimated life of financial asset.

VI. EXPLANATIONS ON FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME AND EXPENSES

All fees and commission income are recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the matching principle or “Effective Rate Method (Internal Rate of Return Method)” and according to the TFRS 15 “Revenue From Contracts With Customers”, except for certain commission income for various banking services, which are recorded as income at the time of collection. Income provided through contracts or through services related to transactions such as the purchase or sale of assets for a third corporate or individual person is recorded as income on the date it is earned.

VII. EXPLANATIONS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group categorizes its financial assets as fair value through profit/loss, fair value through other comprehensive income or measured at amortized cost. Such financial assets are recognized or derecognized according to TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Part 3 Issued for classification and measurement of the financial instruments published in the Official Gazette No. 29953 dated 19 January 2017 by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority. Financial assets are measured at fair value at initial recognition in the financial statements. During the initial recognition of financial assets other than "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss", transaction costs are added to fair value or deducted from fair value.

The Group recognize a financial asset into financial statements when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by the Parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration. When the business model determined by the Parent Bank's management is changed, all affected financial assets are reclassified and this reclassification is applied prospectively. In such cases, no adjustments is made to earnings, losses or interest that were previously recorded in the financial statements.

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VII. EXPLANATIONS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

Classification and measurement of financial instruments

According to the TFRS 9 standard, the classification and measurement of financial assets is determined according to the business model in which the financial asset is managed and whether it depends on the contractual cash flows that include only the principal and interest payments on the principal balance.

Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

Within the scope of this evaluation; "Principal" is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition. "Interest", for the time value of money, considers the credit risk and other underlying credit risks associated with the principal amount over a period of time, and the costs for the profit margin (for example, liquidity risk and administrative costs).

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Parent Bank will consider the contractual terms of the instrument. This will include assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the assessment, the Parent Bank consider:

- Events that could change the amount and timing of cash flows
- Leverage features
- Prepayment and extension terms
- Features to consider when measuring the time value of money

a) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss:

Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss are financial assets other than the ones that are managed with business model that aimed to hold to collect contractual cash flows or business model that aims to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of the assets; and in case of the contractual terms of the financial asset do not lead to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest at certain date; that are either acquired for generating a profit from short term fluctuations in prices or are financial assets included in a portfolio aiming to short-term profit making. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and measured at their fair value after recognition. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are reflected in the income statement. According to uniform chart of accounts explanations interest income earned on financial asset and the difference between their acquisition costs and amortized costs are recorded as interest income in the statement of profit or loss. The differences between the amortized costs and the fair values of such assets are recorded under trading account income/losses in the statement of profit or loss. In cases where such assets are sold before their maturities, the gains/losses on such sales are recorded under trading account income/losses.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit/loss, that have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values can be reliably measured are carried at fair value. Equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

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VII. EXPLANATIONS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

b) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Comprehensive Income:

In addition to the holding of the financial asset under a business model that aims to collect the contractual cash flows and sell the financial asset, the financial asset is measured at fair value if the contractual terms of the financial asset result in cash flows that only consist of principal and interest payments on the principal balance at specified dates classified as through to other comprehensive income.

“Unrealized gains and losses”, which means the difference between amortized costs and fair value, arising from the changes in the fair value of the assets whose fair value difference is reflected in other comprehensive income, is one of the cases where the value corresponding to the related financial asset is collected, the asset is sold, disposed of or deteriorated. It is not reflected in the income statement of the period until it is realized and is followed in the “Other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified to profit or loss” account in equity. When these financial assets are collected or disposed of, the accumulated fair value differences recognized in equity are reflected in the income statement. Interest and profit shares of these financial assets are accounted for in the related interest income and dividend income account.

At initial recognition, an entity may irrevocably choose to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading in other comprehensive income. If this preference is made, dividends from the investment in question are recognized as profit or loss.

In addition, the Parent Bank's securities portfolio includes consumer price indexed government bonds classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. These securities are valued and accounted for using the effective interest method, based on real coupon rates, the reference inflation index at the date of issue, and the current index. As stated in the CPI-Indexed Bonds Investor's Guide of the Undersecretariat of Treasury, the reference indices used in calculating the actual coupon payment amounts of these securities are based on the CPI of two months ago.

c) Financial Assets Measured in Amortized Cost:

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost. These financial assets are initially recognized at total of acquisition and transaction cost. After their initial recognition, they are carried at “Amortized Cost” using the “effective interest method”. As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group has no marketable securities measured at amortized cost.

d) Loans:

Loans are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recorded by adding the transaction costs to the acquisition cost that reflects their fair value, and after they are recorded, they are measured with their amortized values using the “Effective Interest Rate (internal rate of return) Method”.

Group's loans are recorded under the "Measured at Amortized Cost" account.

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VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES

The Bank allocates an expected loss provision for its financial assets measured at amortized cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Pursuant to the “Regulation on the Procedures and Principles Regarding Classification of Loans and Provisions for These” published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 and numbered 29750, the Bank started to allocate provisions for impairment in accordance with the provisions of TFRS 9 as of 1 January 2019. In this framework, as of 31 December 2018, the method of allocating loan provisions, which was set aside in accordance with the relevant legislation of the BRSA, has been changed by applying the expected credit losses model with the implementation of TFRS 9. The expected credit losses estimate is unbiased, probability-weighted, and includes supportable information about estimates of past events, current conditions, and future economic conditions.

These financial assets are divided into three categories below depending on the increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition:

Stage 1:

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses.

Stage 2:

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in case of a 30-day delay in loan repayments and/or being placed on close watch lists, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. Impairment for credit risk is determined on the basis of the instrument’s lifetime expected credit losses.

Stage 3:

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, a lifetime expected credit loss is recorded.

Calculation of Expected Credit Losses

The calculation of expected credit losses consists of three main parameters: probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) and exposure at default (EAD). PDs and LGDs used in the ECL calculation are point in time (“PIT”)-based for key portfolios and consider both current conditions and expected macroeconomic cyclical changes.

While the expected credit loss is estimated, three macroeconomic scenarios (baseline scenario, adverse scenario, optimistic scenario) are evaluated. Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, an additional alternative pessimistic negative scenario was started to be used by including the optimistic scenario weight in the base scenario as of the second quarter of 2020. Each of these scenarios was associated with the different PD and LGD.

In addition, all commercial and corporate loans that are classified as non-performing loans and restructured in the expected credit loss calculation in accordance with TFRS 9 are subject to individual evaluation according to the discounted cash flow method in accordance with internal policies. This method is basically done by discounting the expected cash flows from the financial instrument to their present value with the effective interest rate. Calculation of expected credit losses for financial instruments is based on the judgment and knowledge of the specialist business unit at the date of assessment, objectively and probability-weighted in nature, taking into account the realization of the credit loss. Estimated credit loss is calculated by weighting the evaluations made for different scenarios according to their realization probabilities.

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VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (Continued)

Probability of Default (PD)

The PD represents the likelihood of a default over a specified time period. A 12-month PD represents the likelihood of default determined for the next 12 months and a lifetime (term of loan) PD represents the probability of default over the remaining lifetime of the instrument. The lifetime PD calculation is based on a series of 12-month PIT PDs. The PD model calculates the PD value over the Life Cycle (TTC) with customer rating grades, and the Point in Time (PIT) PD value is reached with the macroeconomic models designed by the Parent Bank. This model is sensitive to current and future macro-economic conditions and is estimated over 12 months or lifetime time periods. With the customer rating grades, the PD value is calculated throughout the Life Cycle (TTC), and the Point in Time (PIT) PD value is reached with the macroeconomic models designed by the Parent Bank.

Theoretical models are used to determine the internal values of the commercial and corporate portfolios. The internal rating models include customer financial information and qualitative survey responses. Whereas behavioral and application scorecards used in the individual portfolio include; the behavioral data of the customer and the product in the Parent Bank, the demographic information of the customer, and the behavioral data of the customer in the sector. In the retail portfolio, a structure was constructed on the segment based structure and the distribution of the customers among the predetermined segments. Segments are formed by product-specific variables and product based. Probability of default calculation has been carried out based on past information, current conditions and forward looking macroeconomic parameters. Forward-looking expectations in personal loans are managed with a judicial method.

Loss Given Default (LGD)

The LGD represents an estimate of the loss at the time of a potential default occurring during the life of a financial instrument. The LGD is calculated taking into account expected future cash flows from collateral and other credit enhancements by considering time value of money. While calculating the time value of money, the weighted average interest rate of the performing loan portfolio at the relevant moment is taken into account as the effective interest rate. The LGD assignment for Corporate and Commercial loans is based on a simplified approach, including macroeconomic cyclicity and future economic expectations, including macroeconomic expectations input and loan maturities. made on the developed model.

Exposure at Default (EAD):

The EAD represents an estimate of the exposure to credit risk at the time of a potential default occurring during the life of a financial instrument. It represents the cash flows outstanding at the time of default, considering expected repayments, interest payments and accruals, discounted at the effective interest rate. Future drawdowns on facilities are considered through a credit conversion factor (CCF) that is reflective of historical drawdown and default patterns and the characteristics of the respective portfolios. EAD of all loans in our bank's corporate and commercial loans portfolio is calculated by considering cash and non-cash loans over the loan conversion rates determined in the legislation. Cash flows are not taken into account throughout the life cycle of the loan, and the default amount is assumed to remain constant. With this approach, more prudent results can be produced and risk-increasing factors such as non-payment and partial payment that may occur in cash flows are prevented.

Consideration of the Macroeconomic Factors

Probability of default parameters are determined by considering macroeconomic factors. The macroeconomic variables used in the calculation of the expected loss are as follows:

- Annual percentage change of GDP
- Annual change in export amount
- Annual percentage change in USD/TRY
- Unemployment rate
- Inflation rate
- Change in the Industrial Production Index
- Housing price index
- Short term external debt

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VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (Continued)

As of 31 March 2022, the Parent Bank calculates the expected credit loss by taking into account the statistical models designed to comply with the relevant legislation and accounting standards, as well as the macroeconomic forecasts for the future. In addition, the possible effects of the COVID-19 epidemic were reflected in the estimates and judgments used in the calculation of expected credit losses, with the best estimation method, the data obtained with the maximum effort principle. Within the light of these data, the Parent Bank has developed an alternative pessimistic scenario in addition to the base, optimistic and pessimistic macro-economic expectations used in the calculation of expected credit loss and revised the scenario weights in this context. Calculations made by taking into account the PD and THK parameters, which vary according to these scenarios and their weights, are reflected in the financial statements as of 31 March 2022. The PD and THK values basically the change in reflect the annual rate of change in house prices, short-term foreign debt in USD and the annual change in gross national product. Due to the occurrence of unexpected events that are not taken into account by the models due to their nature and/or the collaterals are not taken into account in the THK model, the Bank has established provisions by adding increasing and decreasing management additions in addition to the provisions established in the corporate/commercial portfolio. This approach, which has been implemented since the second quarter of 2020, will continue in 2022 and will be reviewed regularly in the following reporting periods, taking into account the impact of the pandemic, the status of the current portfolio and future expectations.

Calculating the Expected Loss Period

Lifetime ECL is calculated by taking into account maturity extensions, repayment options and the period during which the Parent Bank will be exposed to credit risk. The time in financial guarantees and other irrevocable commitments represents the credit maturity for which the liabilities of the Parent Bank. Behavioral maturity analysis has been performed on credit cards and overdraft accounts. With the exception of credit cards and other revolving facilities, the maximum period for which the credit losses are determined is the contractual life of a financial instrument unless there is the legal right to call it earlier. But due to segment-based approach to retail loans the maturity of the 95 percentile is calculated as the credit life.

Significant Increase in Credit Risk

The Bank makes quantitative and qualitative assessments in determining the financial assets to be classified as Stage 2.

Quantitative assessments compare the relative change between the probability of default (PD) measured at the loan origination date and the PD measured at the report date. If this change exceeds the thresholds for a significant increase in credit risk, the financial asset is classified as Stage 2. In the quantitative evaluation of the significant increase in credit risk, the Parent Bank considers absolute threshold values as an additional layer in addition to relative threshold values. Receivables whose default probability is below the absolute threshold value are not included in the relative threshold value comparison.

The Parent Bank classifies the financial asset as Stage 2 where any of the following conditions are satisfied as a result of a qualitative assessment:

- Loans overdue more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Loans classified as watch-list
- Receivables evaluated within the scope of restructuring

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IX. DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Derecognition of Financial Assets Due to Change In Contractual Terms

Based on TFRS 9, the renegotiation or modification of the contractual cash flows of a financial asset could lead to the derecognition of the existing financial asset. When the modification of a financial asset results in the derecognition of the existing financial asset and the subsequent recognition of the modified financial asset, the modified asset is considered a ‘new’ financial asset. When the Parent Bank assesses the characteristics of the new contractual terms of the financial asset, it evaluates the contractual cash flows including foreign currency rate changes, conversion to equity, counterparty changes and solely principal and interest on principle. When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, it is recalculated the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognized a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. Where all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have not been transferred to another party and the Parent Bank retains control of the asset, the Parent Bank continues to recognize the remaining portion of the asset and liabilities arising from such asset. When the Bank retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the transferred asset continues to be recognized in its entirety and the consideration received is recognized as a liability.

b) Derecognition of Financial Assets Without Any Change In Contractual Terms

The Parent Bank derecognizes the asset if the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset are expired or the related financial asset and all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are transferred to another party. Except for equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the total amount consisting of the gain or loss arising from the difference between the book value and the amount obtained and any accumulated gain directly accounted in equity shall be recognized in profit/loss.

c) Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

It shall be removed a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from the statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished—i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

d) Reclassification of Financial Instruments

Based on TFRS 9, it shall be reclassified all affected financial assets at amortized cost to financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss in the subsequent accounting when, and only when, it is changed the business model for managing financial assets.

e) Restructuring and Refinancing of Financial Instruments

The Parent Bank may be changed the original contractual terms of a loan (maturity, repayment structure, guarantees and sureties) which were previously signed, in case the loan cannot be repaid or if a potential payment difficulty is encountered based on the new financing power and structure of the borrower.

The restructuring is the modification of the loan contract terms of the borrower or the partial or complete refinancing of the loan due to financial difficulties that the borrower may encounter or will likely encounter in the payments.

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IX. DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS(Continued)

To reclassify the restructured corporate and commercial loans as performing loans from non-performing loans, the following conditions must be met:

- All of the overdue payments that cause the loan to be classified in the non-performing loans have been collected without using the collaterals
- There is no delayed payment of the receivable as of the reclassification date and the last two payments before this date are due and complete.
- Ensuring the classification requirements of the company in the Stage 1 or Stage 2.

In the case of Personal Loans, if the non-fulfillment of the payment obligation to the Parent Bank results from the temporary liquidity shortage, loans may be restructured in order to provide the borrower with liquidity power and to collect the receivable of the Parent Bank. Removal of customers from the scope of restructuring is done within the scope of the Communiqué Related to Principles and Procedures on Determining the Qualifications of Banks’ Loans and Other Receivables and the Provision for These Loans and Other Receivables.

- The loan, which is restructured in the process of performing-private restructuring loans (need-vehicle-housing), is considered as close monitoring and is followed in close monitoring at the time of restructured loan period.
- There is no restructuring of loan and credit card related to the non-performing loans.

X. EXPLANATIONS ON PRIOR PERIOD ACCOUNTING POLICIES

None.

XI. EXPLANATIONS ON OFFSETTING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis.

XII. EXPLANATIONS ON SALES AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND SECURITIES’ LENDING TRANSACTIONS

Securities subject to repurchase agreements (“Repo”) are classified as “Financial assets at fair value difference through profit or loss”, “Financial assets at fair value difference through other comprehensive income” and “Measured at amortized cost” in the balance sheet according to the investment purposes and measured according to the portfolio of the Parent Bank to which they belong. Funds obtained under repurchase agreements are accounted under “Funds provided under repurchase agreements” in liability accounts and differences between the sale and repurchase prices determined by these repurchase agreements are accrued evenly over the life of the repurchase agreement using the “Effective interest (internal return) method”. Funds given against securities purchased under agreements to resell (“Reverse repo”) are accounted under “Receivables from money market” in the balance sheet. The difference between the purchase and resell price determined by these repurchase agreements is accrued evenly over the life of repurchase agreements using the “Effective interest rate method”. The Parent Bank has no securities lending transactions.

XIII. EXPLANATIONS ON PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND LIABILITIES RELATED WITH THESE ASSETS

Property and equipment held-for-sale consist of tangible assets that were acquired due to non-performing receivables, and are accounted in the financial statements in accordance with the regulations of “Turkish Financial Reporting Standard for Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations (TFRS 5)”.

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group has no discontinued operations.

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XIV. EXPLANATIONS ON GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Group’s intangible assets are composed of software, goodwill and establishment expenditures. Intangible assets are measured in accordance with “Intangible Assets Standard” (“TAS 38”) at cost on initial recognition and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset to work for its intended use are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at historical cost after the deduction of accumulated depreciation and the provision for value decreases. The depreciable amount of an intangible asset is allocated on a systematic basis over its useful life. The costs of the intangible assets purchased before 31 December 2004 end of the high inflation period is accepted as 31 December 2004, are subject to inflation indexation until 31 December 2004. Intangible assets purchased after 31 December 2004 are recognised with their acquisition cost in the financial statements.

As of 31 March 2022, there is no net book value of goodwill (31 December 2021: None).

XV. EXPLANATIONS ON PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

All property and equipment are measured in accordance with “Property, Plant and Equipment Standard” (“TAS 16”) at its cost when initially recognized and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset in working order for its intended use are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, property and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for value impairment. The costs of the property and equipment purchased before 31 December 2004 or subject to inflation indexation until 31 December 2004. Property and equipment purchased after 31 December 2004 are recognized with their purchase cost in the financial statements. Property and equipment are amortized by using the straight line method based on their useful lives, such as buildings depreciated at rate 2%, vehicles at rates 20%, furniture at rate 20%, and other tangible assets at rates ranging from 2% to 33%. The depreciation charge for items remaining in the property and equipment for less than an accounting period at the balance sheet date is calculated in proportion to the period the item will remain in property and equipment. Gains and losses on the disposal of property and equipment are determined by deducting the net book value of the property and equipment from its net sales revenue. Repair and maintenance expenses in order to increase the useful life of the property and equipment are capitalized, other repair and maintenance costs are recognized as expenses. There are no mortgages, pledges or similar precautionary measures on tangible fixed assets.

XVI. EXPLANATIONS ON LEASING TRANSACTIONS

The Group recognized assets held under finance leases on the basis of the lower of its fair value and the present value of the lease payments. Fixed assets acquired under finance lease contracts are classified in tangible assets and amortized over their estimated useful lives. Leased assets are included in the property and equipment and depreciation is charged on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset. If there is any diminution in value of the leased asset, a “Provision for value decrease” is recognized. Liabilities arising from the leasing transactions are included in “Financial lease payables” in the balance sheet. Interest and foreign exchange expenses regarding lease transactions are presented the income statement. The Group does not provide finance lease services as a “Lessor”.

At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date (i.e., the lease liability), at the same date recognizes an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset and depreciates it during the lease term. The lease payments shall be discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee shall use the lessee’s incremental borrowing rate. Lessees are required to recognize the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset separately.

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XVI. EXPLANATIONS ON LEASING TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Explanations on TFRS 16 Leasing Transactions:

TFRS 16 Leases standard abolishes the dual accounting model currently applied for lessees through recognizing finance leases in the balance sheet whereas not recognizing operational lease. Instead, it is set forth a single model similar to the accounting of finance leases (on balance sheet). For lessors, the accounting stays almost the same. The Group has started to apply the "TFRS 16 Leases" Standard with using the modified retrospective approach from 1 January 2019.

The Group's accounting policies following the application of TFRS 16 are as follows:

Right of use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

The right use includes the presence of:

- The initial measurement of the lease,
- The amount obtained by deducting all lease payments received from all lease payments made on or on the date of actual lease; and
- All initial direct costs incurred by the Group

At the end of the lease term of the underlying asset's service, the transfer of the Group is reasonably finalized, and the Group depreciates the asset until the end of the life of the underlying asset on which the lease actually began. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

Lease Liabilities

The Group measures the lease obligation at the present value of the unpaid lease payments on the date that the lease commences.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease obligation on the date that the lease actually commences, consists of the following payments to be made for the right of use of the underlying asset during the lease period and not paid on the date the lease actually starts:

- Fixed payments,
- Variable lease payments based on an index or rate, the first measurement made using an index or rate on the actual date of the lease.
- Amounts expected to be paid by the Group under the residual value commitments
- The use price of this option and, if the Group is reasonably confident that it will use the purchase option;
- Fines for termination of the lease if the lease term indicates that the Group will use an option to terminate the lease.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are recognized as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggered the payment occurred. The Group revises the revised discount rate for the remainder of the lease term, if the implicit interest rate in the lease can be easily determined; the Group's alternative borrowing interest rate at the date of the revaluation.

After the effective date of the lease, the Group measures the lease obligation as follows:

- Increase the carrying amount to reflect the interest on the lease obligation; and
- Decreases the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

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XVI. EXPLANATIONS ON LEASING TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

In addition, if there is a change in the lease term, a change in the underlying fixed lease payments, or a change in the assessment of the option to purchase the underlying asset, the value of the finance lease liabilities is remeasured.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Due to the Group’s implementation of TFRS 16, rights of use assets classified under tangible assets as of 31 March 2022 amounted to TL 83.878 (31 December 2021: TL 87.012), lease liability amounted to TL 76.338 (31 December 2021: TL 102.267), depreciation expense amounted to TL 9.246 (31 March 2021: TL 10.317) and interest expense amounted to TL 3.654 (31 March 2021: TL 5.775).

XVII. EXPLANATIONS ON PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted in accordance with, “Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets Standard” (“TAS 37”). Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. When the amount of the obligation cannot be estimated and there is no possibility of an outflow of resources from the Group, it is considered that a “contingent” liability exists and it is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

XVIII. EXPLANATIONS ON CONTINGENT ASSETS

The contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the Group. Contingent assets are not recognized in financial statements since this may result in recognition of income that may never be realized. If an inflow of economic benefits to the Group has become probable, then the contingent asset is disclosed in the footnotes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the consolidated financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

XIX. EXPLANATIONS ON OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO EMPLOYEE RIGHTS

Obligations related to employment termination and vacation rights are accounted for in accordance with “Employee Rights Standard” (“TAS 19”) and are classified under “Reserve for Employee Rights” account in the balance sheet. Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Bank is required to pay a specific amount to the employees who have retired or whose employment is terminated other than the reasons specified in the Turkish Labour Law. The Group provides provision for retirement and termination liabilities by estimating the net present value of future payments of the Bank arising from the retirement of employees and reflects this provision amount in the financial statements. For employee termination benefit provision calculation, future liability amounts are calculated and yearly discount rate is 6,54% (31 December 2021: 6,54%).

As of 31 March 2022, actuarial loss amounted to TL 27.324 (31 December 2021: TL 13.911 loss) is recognized under other income reserves in the financial statements.

All actuarial gains and losses are recognized under equity in accordance with TAS 19.

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XX. EXPLANATIONS ON TAXATION

a) Current Tax:

In accordance with Article 32 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, which was published in the Official Gazette dated 21 June 2006 and numbered 26205, the corporate tax rate was determined as 20%. This rate has been rearranged as 25% for the corporate earnings for the 2021 accounting period and 23% for the earnings for the 2022 accounting period, which was published in the Official Gazette dated 22 April 2021 and numbered 31462, pursuant to the Law No.7316. Pursuant to the amendment made in the Corporate Tax Law with the Law No. 7394, which was published in the Official Gazette dated 15 April 2022 and numbered 31810; The corporate tax rate has been permanently increased to 25% for banks, companies within the scope of Law No. 6361, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies. The aforementioned regulation will be applied to start from the declarations that must be submitted as of 1 July 2022 and to be valid for the corporate earnings for the taxation period starting from 1 January 2022. According to this; The tax rate is applied as 23% in the first period temporary tax return to be submitted for the earnings of the 1st quarter accounting period of 2022. The corporate tax rate is applied to the tax base as a result of adding the expenses that cannot be deducted according to the tax laws to the business income of the corporations and deducting the exemptions in the tax laws (such as subsidiary earnings exception). No further tax is paid if the profit is not distributed.

Dividends paid to non-resident corporations, which have a place of business in Turkey or are resident corporations, are not subject to withholding tax. Otherwise, dividends paid are subject to withholding tax at the rate of 10%. In the application of the withholding tax rates for profit distributions to limited taxpayer institutions and individual persons, the practices included in the relevant "Double Taxation Avoidance Agreements" are also taken into consideration. Addition of profit to capital is not considered as profit distribution and withholding tax is not applied.

Within the scope of the temporary Article 33 added to the Tax Procedure Law with the Law No. 7352 published in the Official Gazette dated 29 January 2022; Despite the fulfillment of the inflation accounting conditions in terms of taxation, the correction of the 31 December 2021 financial statements has been postponed and the financial statements as of 31 December 2023 are subject to inflation adjustment regardless of whether the inflation adjustment conditions have been met.

Advance tax are paid by calculating at the corporate tax rate to which the earnings of that year are subject. Advance taxes paid during the year can be deducted from the corporate tax calculated on the annual corporate tax return of that year. Corporate tax returns are submitted to the relevant tax office until the evening of the last day of the fourth month following the month in which the accounting period is closed.

According to the Turkish tax legislation, financial losses shown on the declaration can be deducted from the corporate income for the period, provided that it does not exceed 5 years. However, financial losses cannot be deducted from previous financial year profits.

b) Deferred Tax Asset/Liability:

The Group calculates and accounts for deferred income taxes for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in these financial statements in accordance with “Income Taxes Standard” (“TAS 12”) and the related decrees of the BRSA concerning income taxes. In the deferred tax calculation, the enacted tax rate, in accordance with the tax legislation, is used as of the balance sheet date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all resulting temporary differences whereas deferred tax assets resulting from temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented as net in the financial statements in accordance with TAS 12.

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XX. EXPLANATIONS ON TAXATION (Continued)

b) Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (Continued)

In accordance with the Law No. 7316 published on 22 April 2021, it is stipulated that the corporate tax rate will be 25% for the taxation period of 2021, 23% for the taxation period of 2022, and 20% for the taxation period after 2022. Accordingly, the Bank's assets and liabilities as of 31 December 2021 were evaluated according to their maturities, and deferred tax calculation was made according to the rate of 23% or 20% corresponding to the relevant maturities. Pursuant to the amendment made in the Corporate Tax Law with the Law No. 7394; The corporate tax rate for banks and various other corporations has been increased to 25%, and since the related regulation will be applied starting from the declarations that must be submitted as of 1 July 2022, no change has been made in the deferred tax calculation method of the Group as of 31 March 2022.

The calculated deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability are presented as net in these financial statements. After net off the net deferred tax asset is presented as deferred tax asset on the balance sheet and net deferred tax liability presented as deferred tax liability on balance sheet. As of 31 March 2022, the Group has recognized deferred tax receivables amounting to TL 588.540 as assets (31 December 2021: Deferred tax receivables amounting to TL 668.896 as assets).

Various operations and calculations with unascertained effects on final tax amount occur during standard workflow, and these require important judgement in determining income tax provision. The Parent Bank records tax liabilities caused by projections of additional taxes to be paid as a result of tax related incidents. In cases, which final tax results based on these incidents differ from initially recorded amounts, differences may effect income tax and deferred tax assets of the period they are recognized.

c) Transfer Pricing:

The article no.13 of the Corporate Tax Law describes the issue of transfer pricing under the title of “disguised profit distribution” by way of transfer pricing. “The General Communiqué on Disguised Profit Distribution by Way of Transfer Pricing” published at 18 November 2007, explains the application related issues on this topic. According to this communiqué, the taxpayers conduct transactions like purchase and sale of goods or services with the related parties where the prices are not determined according to the arm's length principle, then it will be concluded that there is a disguised profit distribution by way of transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions will not be deducted from the corporate tax base for tax purposes. As stated in the “7.1 Annual Documentation” section of this communiqué, the taxpayers are required to fill out the “Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Entities and Thin Capitalization” form for the purchase and sale of goods or services conducted with their related parties in a taxation period, attach these forms to their corporate tax returns and submit to the tax offices. Group has filled out the related form and presented it to the tax office.

XXI. EXPLANATIONS ON BORROWINGS

The funds borrowed are recorded at their costs and discounted by using the effective interest rate method. In the consolidated financial statements enclosed, foreign currency borrowings are translated according to the Parent Bank's period end exchange rate. Interest expenses of the current period regarding the borrowing amounts are recognized in the financial statements. Also the Group provides resources through the bond issue. The Group has no convertible bonds as of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021.

XXII. EXPLANATIONS ON ISSUANCE OF SHARE CERTIFICATES

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group has no issued share certificates.

XXIII. EXPLANATIONS ON AVALIZED DRAFTS AND ACCEPTANCES

Avalized drafts and acceptances are realized simultaneously with the customer payments and recorded in off-balance sheet accounts, if any.

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XXIV. EXPLANATIONS ON GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group has no government incentives.

XXV. EXPLANATIONS ON OPERATING SEGMENTS

Segment reporting is presented in Note XII of Section Four.

XXVI. PROFIT RESERVES AND PROFIT DISTRIBUTION

Retained earnings as per the statutory consolidated financial statements other than legal reserves are available for distribution, subject to the legal reserve requirement referred to below.

Under the Turkish Commercial Code (“TCC”), the legal reserves are composed of first and second reserves. The TCC requires first reserves to be 5% of the profit until the total reserves is equal to 20% of issued and fully paid-in share capital. Second reserves are required to be 10% of all cash profit distributions that are in excess of 5% of the issued and fully paid-in share capital. However, holding companies are exempt from this application. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves can only be used to compensate accumulated losses and cannot be used for other purposes unless they exceed 50% of paid-in capital.

XXVII. EARNINGS/LOSS PER SHARE

Earnings per share disclosed in the statement of profit or loss are calculated by dividing net earnings/ (loss) for the year to the number of shares.

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 March 2021
Net Earnings/(Loss) for the Period	500.349	238.909
Number of Shares	65.229.000.000	65.229.000.000
Earnings/(Loss) per Share (*)	0,007671	0,003663

(*) Amounts are expressed in full TL.

XXVIII. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purposes of the cash flow statement cash includes cash on hand, cash in transit, purchased bank cheques and demand deposits including balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey; and cash equivalents include interbank money market placements, reserve deposit average accounts, time deposits at banks and investments at marketable securities with original maturity periods of less than three months.

XXIX. RELATED PARTIES

Parties stated in the article no. 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411, Group’s senior management, and board members are deemed as related parties. Transactions with related parties are presented in Note VII of Section Five.

XXX. RECLASSIFICATIONS

None.

XXXI. OTHER MATTERS

None.

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SECTION FOUR

EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO COMPONENTS OF CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS’ EQUITY

Equity and Capital Adequacy Standard Ratio is calculated in accordance with “Communiqué on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks” and “Communiqué on Equities of Banks”. As of 31 March 2022, equity of the Group and the Parent Bank is amounting to TL 7.357.775 and TL 7.264.386 respectively, and capital adequacy ratio of the Group and the Parent Bank is %17,88 and %17,75 respectively. As of 31 December 2021 equity of the Group and the Parent Bank is amounting to TL 6.759.429 and TL 6.656.504 respectively and the capital adequacy ratio was %18,88 and %18,71 respectively. Capital adequacy ratio of the Group is higher than the minimum rate required by the related regulations.

a) Information about consolidated shareholders’ equity items:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL		
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	652.290	652.290
Share Premium	-	-
Reserves	3.891.783	2.940.888
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	-	-
Profit	500.349	950.895
Current Period Profit	500.349	950.895
Prior Period Profit	-	-
Bonus Shares from Associates, Affiliates and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period’s Profit	-	-
Minorities’ Share	-	-
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	5.044.422	4.544.073
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital		
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the article 9. (i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital	-	-
Current and Prior Periods’ Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS	22.512	23.699
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases	22.787	28.443
Goodwill Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-
Other Intangible Assets Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	244.930	242.695
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences	-	-
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	-	-
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	-	-
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	-
Unrealized gains and losses from changes in bank’s liabilities’ fair values due to changes in creditworthiness	-	-
Net amount of defined benefit plans	-	-
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier I Capital	-	-
Shares Obtained against Article 56, Paragraph 4 of the Banking Law	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the bank owns more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital	-	-
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	-	-
Amounts exceeding 15% of Tier I Capital according to second paragraph of the provisional article 2 in the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the bank owns more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity	-	-
Amounts related to mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	-
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA	-	-
Deductions from Tier I Capital in cases where there are no adequate Additional Tier I or Tier II Capitals	-	-
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	290.229	294.837
The positive difference between the expected loan loss provisions under TFRS 9 and the total provision amount calculated before the application of TFRS 9	101.143	202.286
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	4.855.336	4.451.522

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I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO COMPONENTS OF CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS’ EQUITY (Continued)

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity Tier I Capital and the Related Share Premiums	-	-
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	-	-
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Third parties’ share in the Additional Tier I capital	-	-
Third parties’ share in the Additional Tier I capital (Covered by Temporary Article 3)	-	-
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	-	-
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital		
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Investments in Equity Instruments Issued by Banks or Financial Institutions Invested in Bank’s Additional Tier I Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 7 of the Regulation	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible long positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued Share Capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Items to be Deducted from Tier I Capital during the Transition Period		
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	-
Deduction from Additional Tier I Capital when there is not enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital)	4.855.336	4.451.522
TIER II CAPITAL		
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	2.115.404	1.962.017
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Third parties’ share in the Additional Tier II capital	-	-
Third parties’ share in the Additional Tier II capital (Covered by Temporary Article 3)	-	-
Provisions (Amounts explained in the first paragraph of the article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital)	405.610	368.515
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	2.521.014	2.330.532
Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	-
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments in Equity Instruments Issued by Banks and Financial Institutions Invested in Bank’s Tier II Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 8 of the Regulation	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% Threshold of Common Equity Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	92	559
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	92	559
Total Tier II Capital	2.520.922	2.329.973
Total Equity (Total Tier I and Tier II Capital)	7.376.258	6.781.495
Amounts Deducted from Equity		
Loans Granted against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law	4	-
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years	18.479	22.066
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA	-	-
Items to be Deducted from the Sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital (Capital) During the Transition Period		
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation	-	-
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation	-	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital, of the Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences and of the Mortgage Servicing Rights not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) and (2) and Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation	-	-

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I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO COMPONENTS OF CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS’ EQUITY (Continued)

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
CAPITAL		
Total Capital (Total of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	7.357.775	6.759.429
Total Risk Weighted Assets	41.148.618	35.798.763
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Consolidated CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	11,80	12,43
Consolidated Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	11,80	12,43
Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	17,88	18,88
BUFFERS		
Total Additional Core Capital Requirement Ratio (a+b+c)	2,52	2,52
a) Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2,50	2,50
b) Bank-specific Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffer Ratio (%)	0,02	0,02
c) Systemic significant Bank Buffer Ratio (%)	-	-
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on Capital conservation and countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk weighted Assets (%)	3,28	3,90
Amounts Lower Than Excesses as per the Deduction Rules		
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences	-	-
Limits for Provisions Used in Tier II Capital Calculation		
General provisions for standard based receivables (before ten thousand twenty five limitation)	1.737.753	1.621.784
Up to 1,25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach used	405.610	368.515
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0,6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Debt Instruments Covered by Temporary Article 4 (effective between 1 January 2018 - 1 January 2022)		
Upper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-

Based on the BRSA's decision numbered 9996 dated 21 December 2021, in order to calculate the amount subject to credit risk in capital adequacy calculations, calculations can be made with the simple arithmetic average of the Central Bank's foreign exchange buying rates for the last 252 business days before 31 December 2021 and until 21 December 2021. In the event that the net valuation differences of the securities in the portfolio of “Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income” are negative, these differences are not taken into account in the equity amount to be used for the capital adequacy ratio. It will continue to be implemented for both regulations until a decision to the contrary is taken.

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b) Items included in consolidated capital calculation:

Information about instruments that will be included in total capital calculation: Details on Subordinated Liabilities:	
Issuer	HSBC HOLDINGS PLC
Identifier(s) (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	Subordinated Loans
Governing law (s) of the instrument	BRSA
Regulatory treatment	
Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015	Not Deducted
Eligible on unconsolidated and /or consolidated basis	Eligible
Instrument type	Loan
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting date)	2.115
Nominal value of instrument	2.115
Accounting classification of the instrument	Liability –Subordinated Loan
Issuance date of instrument	28.04.2021
Maturity structure of the instrument (demand/maturity)	Maturity
Original maturity of the instrument	10 Year
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	According to written approval of the BRSA, it can be fully repaid in the 5th year of the loan.
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	None
Coupon/dividend payment	
Fixed or floating coupon/dividend payments	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	LIBOR + 6,99%
Existence of any dividend payment restriction	-
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	-
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	-
Noncumulative or cumulative	-
Convertible or non-convertible into equity shares	
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	In case of the possibility of cancelling the Parent Bank’s operational permit or transferring to the Fund; The principal amount and interest payment liabilities of the loan may be terminated in whole or in part in accordance with the decision of the Board in this direction or it may be converted into capital by complying with the required legislation.
If convertible, fully or partially	Fully convertible
If convertible, conversion rate	The conversion rate / value shall be calculated based on the market data in the case of the exercise of the right.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	-
If convertible, type of instrument convertible into	-
If convertible, issuer of instrument to be converted into	-
Write-down feature	
If bonds can be written-down, write-down trigger(s)	-
If bond can be written-down, full or partial	-
If bond can be written-down, permanent or temporary	-
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	-
Position in subordination hierarchy in case of liquidation (instrument type immediately senior to the instrument)	After borrowing, before additional capital, same as other contribution capital
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of " Own fund regulation "	In compliance with the requirements of Article 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of " Own fund regulation"	In compliance with the requirements of Article 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"

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Information on article 5 of the regulation on equities of banks

EQUITY ITEMS	T	T-1
Common Equity	4.855.336	4.855.336
Transition process not implemented Common Equity	4.754.193	4.754.193
Tier 1 Capital	4.855.336	4.855.336
Transition process not implemented Tier 1 Capital	4.754.193	4.754.193
Total Capital	7.357.775	7.357.775
Transition process not implemented Equity	7.256.632	7.256.632
TOTAL RISK WEIGHTED AMOUNTS		
Total Risk Weighted Amounts	41.148.618	41.148.618
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO		
Common Equity	11,80	11,80
Transition process not implemented Common Equity Ratio (%)	11,55	11,55
Tier 1 Capital	11,80	11,80
Transition process not implemented Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	11,55	11,55
Capital	17,88	17,88
Transition process not implemented Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	17,64	17,64
LEVERAGE		
Leverage Ratio Total Risk Amount	94.721.029	94.721.029
Leverage (%)	5,13	5,13
Transition process not implemented Leverage Ratio (%)	5,02	5,02

c) Approaches For Assessment of Adequacy of Internal Capital Requirements For Current and Future Activities:

The Group’s assessment process of adequacy of internal capital requirements and capital adequacy policies was prepared in order to describe the assessment process of adequacy of internal capital requirements and capital adequacy policies, and approved by its board of directors in 27 February 2017. The ultimate aim of this internal capital requirements process is to maintain the continuity of capital adequacy under the Bank’s strategies, business plan, and scope or in case of changes in developed assumption and methodology, the assessment methodology of internal capital requirements is a developing process, accordingly, the future improvement areas are determined and the working plans are set.

With this evaluation process, on a prospective basis ensuring the continuity of the legal minimum limits of capital, keeping capital adequately to support the Parent Bank’s targeted risk profile and ensuring the maintenance of capital adequately as well as the process of compliance with laws and regulations.

d) Explanations on Reconciliation of Capital Items With Balance Sheet Amounts:

The difference between Total Capital and Equity in the consolidated balance sheet mainly arises from the general provision. In the calculation of Total Capital, general provision up to 1,25% credit risk is taken into consideration as Tier II Capital. Besides, losses that are subject to deductions from Common Equity Tier I and reflected to Equity in line with the TFRS, are determined by excluding the losses related to cash flow hedge transactions. On the other hand, in the calculation of the Total Capital, improvement costs for operating leases followed under tangible assets in the balance sheet, intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities, net book value of immovables that are acquired against overdue receivables and retained more than five years, other items defined by the regulator are taken into consideration as amounts deducted from “Total Capital”.

As of 1 January 2019, the Group started to apply TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments Standard" and started to include the expected credit losses for financial assets in the financial statements as of this date. According to Article 5 of the “Regulation on Equities of Banks”, the positive difference between the total expected loan loss reserve amount calculated as of the date when the expected credit loss provisions under TFRS 9 began to be separated and the total amount of provisions calculated before the implementation of TFRS 9, after the tax amount arising from the difference was deducted. Part has been subjected to a five-year transition period. The effects of this calculation are shown under the heading "Explanations on the temporary article 5 of the Regulation on Banks' Equity".

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II. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK

Not disclosed in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué “Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks”.

III. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED COUNTER CYCLICAL CAPITAL BUFFER RATIO CALCULATION

Not disclosed in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué “Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks”.

IV. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED CURRENCY RISK

a) Exposed risk of foreign currency, estimations on the effects of this matter, limits for the daily followed positions are determined by the Board of Directors:

In foreign currency risk management, the Group makes tiny distinctions and generally attentive to not taking short position when organizing the currency risk. In organizing foreign currency positions, the Parent Bank acts in accordance with both the legal limitations and the limitations determined by the Board of Directors.

b) Hedge against foreign exchange debt instruments and net foreign exchange investments by hedging derivative instruments, if material:

The Group does not hold a foreign currency position other than the long positions held for the foreign currency expected loss provisions calculated in accordance with TFRS 9 and balances its foreign currency positions with derivative products. Foreign exchange bid rate of important foreign currencies are indicated in the table below.

c) Management policy for foreign currency risk:

Policy of the foreign currency risk management is explained in the first article.

d) Current foreign exchange bid rates of the Parent Bank for the last five business days prior to the financial statement date:

The Parent Bank’s foreign exchange bid rates for US Dollar, and Euro as of the date of the financial statements and for the last five days prior to that date are presented below:

Current Period – 31 March 2022	USD (\$)	Euro (€)
Balance Sheet Date		
Bank Evaluation Rate	14,6823	16,2723
Prior Balance Sheet Date		
30 March 2022	14,6456	16,3474
29 March 2022	14,6044	16,2152
28 March 2022	14,8368	16,2789
25 March 2022	14,8515	16,3441
24 March 2022	14,8294	16,3212
Prior Period – 31 December 2021	USD (\$)	Euro (€)
Balance Sheet Date		
Bank Evaluation Rate	13,2798	15,0924
Prior Balance Sheet Date		
30 December 2021	13,2234	14,9728
29 December 2021	12,5957	14,3037
28 December 2021	11,6821	13,2218
27 December 2021	11,6821	13,2218
24 December 2021	11,6821	13,2218

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IV. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED CURRENCY RISK (Continued)

e) The simple arithmetic average of the Group’s foreign exchange bid rates for the last thirty days preceding the balance sheet date for major foreign currencies:

As of March 2022, the Group’s simple arithmetic average foreign exchange rate for USD is TL 14,6271 (December 2021: TL 13,7072) and exchange rate for Euro is TL 16,0998 (December 2021: TL 15,4922).

f) Information related to Group’s currency risk:

Current Period – 31 March 2022	Euro	USD	Other FC	Total
Assets				
Cash Equivalents (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	2.736.496	5.287.821	1.967.860	9.992.177
Banks	52.023	1.157.933	12.059	1.222.015
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (Net) (***)	1.189.391	2.604.354	20.517	3.814.262
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	16.102.489	-	16.102.489
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-
Loans (*)	12.080.436	8.118.210	35	20.198.681
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures (Business Partners)	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	-	-	-	-
Hedging Derivative Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
Tangible Assets (Net)	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets (Net)	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	2.221	39.539	5	41.765
Total Assets	16.060.567	33.310.346	2.000.476	51.371.389
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	326	1.875	583	2.784
Foreign Currency Deposits	9.715.087	23.297.465	9.445.455	42.458.007
Funds from Interbank Money Market	-	-	-	-
Fund Borrowed	2.139.229	1.062.860	-	3.202.089
Issued Marketable Securities (Net)	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Payables	2.194	901.036	6.219	909.449
Hedging Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Other Liabilities (**)	1.248.066	3.170.954	44.236	4.463.256
Total Liabilities	13.104.902	28.434.190	9.496.493	51.035.585
Net on Balance Sheet Position****)	2.955.665	4.876.156	(7.496.017)	335.804
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position****)	(2.856.646)	(4.634.461)	7.411.602	(79.505)
Financial Derivative Assets	19.823.573	30.724.837	13.816.363	64.364.773
Financial Derivative Liabilities	22.680.219	35.359.298	6.404.761	64.444.278
Non-cash Loans	2.845.172	9.641.558	1.057.842	13.544.572
Prior Period – 31 December 2021				
Total Assets	15.064.861	39.034.960	2.077.392	56.177.213
Total Liabilities	14.288.021	29.230.648	10.232.475	53.751.144
Net on-Balance Sheet Position	776.840	9.804.312	(8.155.083)	2.426.069
Net off-Balance Sheet Position	(622.967)	(10.193.502)	8.146.892	(2.669.577)
Financial Derivative Assets	14.353.241	17.094.870	9.995.355	41.443.466
Financial Derivative Liabilities	14.976.208	27.288.372	1.848.463	44.113.043
Non-cash Loans	2.701.472	8.658.839	1.048.978	12.409.289

(*) As of 31 March 2022, total loans amount consists foreign indexed loans amounting to TL 4.725 (31 December 2021: TL 5.469).

(**) Other liabilities consists derivative financial liabilities amounting to TL 4.363.857 (31 December 2021: TL 4.844.088).

(***) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss consists derivative financial assets amounting to TL 3.555.585 (31 December 2021: 3.579.534).

(****) It is consist of long positions on the balance sheet for stage 1&2 foreign currency expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.

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V. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK

There is a short term interest sensitivity gap at the balance sheet of the Bank due to a structural risk of the banking sector; obligation of funding of long-term assets with short-term deposits. Derivative financial instruments are used to mitigate possible interest rate risk of interest sensitive assets and liabilities. Interest rate futures and interest rate swap transactions are performed to reduce the balance sheet and off-balance sheet interest rate risk.

The Parent Bank managed interest rate and prepayment risks of mortgages and other long-term loans with derivative financial instruments efficiently taking into consideration cost-benefit analysis and reduced the risk against to the fluctuations in global and local markets.

a) Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (Based on repricing dates):

Current Period – 31 March 2022	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years And Over	Non – Interest Being	Total
Assets							
Cash Equivalents (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (*)	8.312.456	-	-	-	-	1.824.959	10.137.415
Banks (**)	917.101	-	-	-	-	608.330	1.525.431
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (Net) (***)	348.601	364.502	1.190.434	2.713.222	203.711	5.567	4.826.037
Interbank Money Market Placements (*)	21.315.661	-	-	-	-	-	21.315.661
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	495	460.170	391.290	2.571.081	538.982	-	3.962.018
Loans	8.635.820	6.182.068	10.744.259	7.128.567	902.432	78.632	33.671.778
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	1.102	-	21	23.710	-	1.346.236	1.371.069
Total Assets	39.531.236	7.006.740	12.326.004	12.436.580	1.645.125	3.863.724	76.809.409
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	944.815	-	-	-	-	132.641	1.077.456
Other Deposits	23.497.445	5.351.314	2.540.698	14.490	-	28.728.156	60.132.103
Funds from Interbank Money Market	3.020	-	-	-	-	-	3.020
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	1.524.001	1.524.001
Issued Marketable Securities (Net)	-	404.507	-	-	-	-	404.507
Funds Borrowed	2.547.357	-	654.732	-	-	-	3.202.089
Other Liabilities (**)(***)	435.888	581.149	1.856.770	2.566.017	18.046	5.008.363	10.466.233
Total Liabilities	27.428.525	6.336.970	5.052.200	2.580.507	18.046	35.393.161	76.809.409
Balance Sheet Long Position	12.102.711	669.770	7.273.804	9.856.073	1.627.079	-	31.529.437
Balance Sheet Short Position	-	-	-	-	-	(31.529.437)	(31.529.437)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	-	12.789	-	-	12.789
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	(229.257)	(252.499)	(233.262)	-	-	-	(715.018)
Total Position	11.873.454	417.271	7.040.542	9.868.862	1.627.079	(31.529.437)	(702.229)

(*) Cash Equivalents (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the CBRT, Banks and interbank money market balances consist of expected credit losses amounting to TL 5.531.

(**) Financial Derivative Assets are shown in “Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss”, and Financial Derivative Liabilities are shown in “Other Liabilities”.

(***) Shareholders’ equity is presented under “Other Liabilities” item in “Non- Interest Bearing”.

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V. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK (Continued)

Prior Period – 31 December 2021	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years And Over	Non – Interest Bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash Equivalents (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey(*)	8.383.584	-	-	-	-	2.805.249	11.188.833
Banks	931.888	-	-	-	-	91.603	1.023.491
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (Net) (**)	344.891	729.094	989.656	1.958.161	76.928	5.567	4.104.297
Interbank Money Market Placements(*)	26.085.259	-	-	-	-	-	26.085.259
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	1.011.757	-	124.149	2.381.830	139.320	-	3.657.056
Loans (*)	7.677.841	3.106.622	9.706.823	6.520.805	1.206.252	103.128	28.321.471
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	1.135	-	52	8.111	-	1.345.799	1.355.097
Total Assets	44.436.355	3.835.716	10.820.680	10.868.907	1.422.500	4.351.346	75.735.504
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	229.420	-	-	-	-	86.004	315.424
Other Deposits	25.333.573	4.221.938	979.358	4.674	-	27.070.774	57.610.317
Funds from Interbank Money Market	2.309.195	-	-	-	-	-	2.309.195
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	1.273.407	1.273.407
Issued Marketable Securities (Net)	-	406.772	122.384	-	-	-	529.156
Funds Borrowed	1.984.777	-	957.036	-	-	886	2.942.699
Other Liabilities (**)(***)	662.897	770.179	2.469.336	2.313.054	45.653	4.494.187	10.755.306
Total Liabilities	30.519.862	5.398.889	4.528.114	2.317.728	45.653	32.925.258	75.735.504
Balance Sheet Long Position	13.916.493	-	6.292.566	8.551.179	1.376.847	-	30.137.085
Balance Sheet Short Position	-	(1.563.173)	-	-	-	(28.573.912)	(30.137.085)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	-	1.311	-	-	1.311
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	(688.948)	(133.669)	(574.718)	-	-	-	(1.397.335)
Total Position	13.227.545	(1.696.842)	5.717.848	8.552.490	1.376.847	(28.573.912)	(1.396.024)

(*) Cash Equivalents (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the CBRT, Banks and interbank money market balances consist of expected credit losses amounting to TL 5.905.

(**) Financial Derivative Assets are shown in “Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss”, and Financial Derivative Liabilities are shown in “Other Liabilities”.

(***) Shareholders’ equity is presented under “Other Liabilities” item in “Non- Interest Bearing”.

b) Effective average interest rates for monetary financial instruments:

Current Period – 31 March 2022	Euro	USD	Yen	TL
Assets				
Cash Equivalents (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	8,50
Banks	-	0,33	-	17,25
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (Net)	4,52	7,45	-	17,01
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	0,23	-	13,02
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	14,81
Loans	3,89	5,13	-	22,41
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	-	-	-	-
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	11,95
Other Deposits	0,07	0,30	-	15,98
Funds From Interbank Money Market	-	-	-	14,00
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued (Net)	-	-	-	18,58
Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions	6,44	1,84	-	-

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V. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK (Continued)

Prior Period- 31 December 2021	Euro	USD	Yen	TL
Assets				
Cash Equivalents (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	8,50
Banks	-	0,03	-	16,35
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (Net)	5,25	6,69	-	17,76
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	0,03	-	14,48
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	17,09
Loans	3,55	4,13	-	19,15
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	-	-	-	-
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	12,27
Other Deposits	0,06	0,30	-	15,26
Funds From Interbank Money Market	-	-	-	14,00
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued (Net)	-	-	-	17,56
Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions	6,44	1,84	-	-

VI. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED POSITION RISK OF EQUITY SECURITIES IN BANKING BOOK

Position risk of equity securities in banking book:

As of 31 March 2022, the Parent Bank has no financial assets that would cause a significant effect on its equity securities position (31 December 2021: None).

VII. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO

Information about the liquidity risk management including factors such as risk capacity of the Parent Bank, responsibilities and the structure of liquidity risk management, reporting of the liquidity risk within the Parent Bank and providing communication with Board of Directors and line of businesses in terms of liquidity risk strategy, policy and applications:

The Parent Bank has adopted principle of funding the liquidity and funding management of the Parent Bank with stable funding instruments. Funds required must be available even under stressed conditions particular to the Bank and the Market.

The Balance Sheet Management, which is associated to the treasury function, and the management of liquidity manage the Parent Bank’s short term liquidity and funding risks of the banking portfolio is conducted by Assets and Liabilities and Capital Management Unit (ALCM) operating under Finance department, within the framework of risk policies and risk appetite approved by Board of Directors. Board of Directors determines risk appetite and internal risk limits of liquidity. In terms of the approving risk appetite, inherent liquidity limits, and considering Bank’s strategy and market conditions, Assets and Liabilities Committee (ALCO) is the decision making body regarding balance sheet management, identification and efficiency of funding sources, and determination of potential risks. The Asset-Liability Management Committee is responsible for preparing middle and long term liquidity strategies.

Strategic funding plan forms up the primary basis of the liquidity and funding risk management, updated at least in annual basis and formed up within the scope of risk appetite. According to the strategic funding plan approved by ALCO, actions are considered in order to provide the most cost-efficient, diversified and stable funding resources in terms of maturity, currency and funding resource to monitor and evaluate balance sheet movements and projections and the current status of the balance sheet by ALCM.

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VII. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued)

In addition, current and planned liquidity positions of Parent Bank is tracked at tactical ALCO meetings with the participation of business representatives at least on weekly basis and business line representatives are informed if necessary actions are to be taken. The aim of these meetings is to ensure prevention of negative net cash flow of the bank liquidity and prevention exceeding limits by comparing the current situation regarding to the balance sheet structure of business line with the approved limit usage of strategic funding plans and liquidity.

Information regarding functioning of liquidity management and the extent of centralization in funding strategy amid the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries:

All subsidiaries of the controlling shareholder of the Parent Bank plan and manage their liquidity within the limits of their risk appetite and internal limits.

The information about the Parent Bank’s funding strategy including policies on diversification of its sources and tenor of funding:

Liquidity and funding management of the Parent Bank adopts funding illiquid assets with stable funding instruments and funds in the need of to be always available as a principle. Stable funding instruments consist of stable deposit and long term non-deposit debt instruments. Within this context, liquidity and funding management is primarily based on the stability of Parent Bank’s deposit base and considers total stable deposits as primary measurement. Deposits of retail banking customers is the primary component of funding management because they are more stable and cost-efficient compared to other line of businesses. Moreover, other debt instruments with maturities of medium and long term are also used because of diversifying and balancing funding base in terms of maturity, currency, fund resource and cost; and because their average deposit maturity is less compared to the assets.

Information on liquidity management based on currency, which consists of a minimum of 5% of the Parent Bank’s total liabilities:

Almost all of the Parent Bank’s total liabilities are in TL, USD and EUR. Liabilities in TL are generally consists of deposits, repurchase agreements and Shareholder’s Equity. Liabilities in FC consists of deposits in FC and other debt instruments in FC.

Consolidated liquidity measurement of the Parent Bank’s total liquidity and selected currencies for short and long terms is planned within the context of strategic funding plan. The FC and total internal risk limits approvals of Board of Directors is available.

Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques:

Internal liquidity limits above legal limits and liquidity buffer is used in order to lower liquidity risk. Funding resources are diversified as much as possible by planning cash inflows and outflows within the context of strategic funding plan. Therefore, effective management of concentrations is ensured in terms of maturity, currency and funding resources. The Parent Bank also uses derivative transactions in order to lower liquidity risks.

Explanation of the usage of stress test:

Along with the legal liquidity risk calculations and restrictions, in terms of liquidity management, stress tests and scenario analyses are performed in accordance with the international liquidity management policies of HSBC. In these scenarios, liquidity crisis scenarios of the Parent Bank and macro liquidity crisis scenarios are evaluated and triggering factors of liquidity risk and prewarning signals are tracked. Analyses and results of the liquidity risk are tracked in tactical ALCO meetings weekly and in ALCO-Market Risk Committees monthly.

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VII. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued)

General information on liquidity emergency and contingency plans:

Liquidity Emergency and Contingency Plan is approved by the Board of Directors and ALCO and renewed on yearly basis. The plan contains detailed analyses and information about the actions to be taken in crisis management and employees responsible for the process, liquidity Access resources, liquidity situation of the Parent Bank, early warning indicators within graded liquidity crisis scenarios.

Due to the financial uncertainty caused by the coronavirus epidemic, undemonstrative liquidity management has been one of the top priorities of the Parent Bank within this scope, liquidity stress tests have been launched by taking consideration of possible liquidity outflows and term-based cash flow changes, at the same time daily monitoring market variables and liquidity movements reported to the top management. The Parent Bank sources of funds are formed of customer deposits substantially and the need for funding to be provided from interbank markets is at a minimum. Within the scope of stress tests shared with the executives, without providing any new funds from the market, considering possible utilisation requests such as possible late payments on loans which are subject in LCR and deposit outflows, restructuring or deferment requests, irrevocable and revocable commitments which are offered to the customers. In this context, it has been measured for how long they could afford the cumulative cash outflows. As a results of the scenarios, there is no foreseeable risk for LCR or net liquid position.

a) Liquidity Coverage Rate:

The change in matters that impact liquidity coverage rate and units that are used for the calculation of the ratio:

Liquidity coverage rate is calculated by dividing high quality liquid assets that Bank owns to net cash outflows with maturity of 1 month. Reserve requirements kept by Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT), reverse repurchase agreements, securities that are not subject to repurchase/collateral held for providing liquidity, corporate and bank deposits that may cause high cash outflows, non-deposit borrowings that are became due and receivables from banks form the most important components which affect the results of liquidity coverage rate due to the liquidity of the assets, having high volume in net cash outflows and having high rate of consideration. The ratio may fluctuate periodically due to reasons listed below;

- Transfer of the short-term liquidity to Money markets instead of debt instruments issued by CBRT based on market conditions.
- Fluctuations of bank and corporate deposits that are highly considered in fund resources.
- Fluctuations that may occur due to the aging of borrowings.
- Less than 1 month remaining maturity of cash inflows/outflows resulted specifically from FC derivative transactions.

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**VII. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND
LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued)**

Explanation regarding the components of high quality liquid assets:

High quality liquid assets consists of cash, effective depot, cheques purchased, time and demand deposit by CBRT, reverse repurchase transactions and securities that are not subject to repurchase/collateral for providing liquidity.

Components density of fund resources in all funds:

The Parent Bank’s founding sources are consisted of real person and retail deposit, corporate bank deposits, repurchase agreements and borrowings. Deposits that are used for founding consists 80% of total liabilities.

Information about cash outflows resulted from derivative transactions and transactions that are likely to be collateralized:

Cash outflows resulted from derivative transactions are taken into account of liquidity coverage rate calculation by considering TL and FC net cash flows with 30-days maturity. Net cash flows resulted from derivative transactions have minimal effect on total liquidity coverage rate. However, as a result of shifts in derivative volumes due to FC derivatives used in the management of cash flows and incoming maturities of derivative transactions, periodic fluctuations on FC liquidity coverage rate may occur.

Concentration limits of collaterals in terms of fund resources based on counterparty and products:

Within the context of strategic funding plan, cash inflows and outflows are planned and effective management of concentration of fund resources in terms of maturity, currency and fund resource is projected. In the context, customer-based deposit concentrations, limits and usages set up for the counterparties in non-deposit borrowings and maturity-based distribution of borrowings are tracked and reported to ALCO every month periodically.

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VII. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued)

Current Period – 31.03.2022	Total value to which the consideration ratio is not applied (*)		Total value to which the consideration ratio is applied (*)	
	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS				
High Quality Liquid Assets			33.672.970	28.228.871
Cash Outflows				
Real person and retail deposits	39.936.352	31.032.718	3.879.760	3.103.272
Stable deposits	2.277.510	-	113.876	-
Less stable deposits	37.658.842	31.032.718	3.765.884	3.103.272
Unsecured debts other than real person and retail deposits	20.839.198	12.834.112	9.468.477	5.376.560
Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
Non-operational deposits	20.013.799	12.727.877	8.643.078	5.270.325
Other unsecured debts	825.399	106.235	825.399	106.235
Secured debts				
Other cash outflows	1.564.669	4.482.055	1.564.669	4.482.055
Derivative liabilities and collateral completion liabilities	1.564.669	4.482.055	1.564.669	4.482.055
Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-	-
Payment commitments for debts to financial markets and other off-the-balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	-
Other off-the-balance sheet and revocable (without contingency) liabilities and other contractual liabilities	18.756.286	13.000.972	2.460.081	2.025.221
Other irrevocable or revocable (based on conditions) off-the balance sheet debts	-	-	-	-
TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			17.372.987	14.987.108
Cash Inflows				
Secured liabilities	-	-	-	-
Unsecured liabilities	7.784.198	4.662.229	5.521.002	3.550.279
Other cash inflows	198.972	4.979.135	198.972	4.979.135
TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	7.389.870	9.641.364	5.719.974	8.529.414
			Values to which the upper limit is applied	
TOTAL HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS INVENTORY	-	-	33.672.970	28.228.871
TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS	-	-	11.653.013	6.457.694
LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)	-	-	288,96	437,14

(*) Simple arithmetic average for last 3 months is calculated for items of the table, which are calculated by weekly simple arithmetic averages.

Table below represents lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage rates for the last three months.

	Current Period – 31.03.2022	
	TL+FC	FC
Highest (%)	345,97	647,71
Date	26.01.2022	24.02.2022
Lowest (%)	232,62	327,40
Date	28.02.2022	06.01.2022
Average (%)	288,96	437,14

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VII. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued)

Prior Period – 31.12.2021	Total value to which the consideration ratio is not applied (*)		Total value to which the consideration ratio is applied (*)	
	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS				
High Quality Liquid Assets			28.754.225	24.293.354
Cash Outflows				
Real person and retail deposits	33.196.203	26.513.400	3.214.410	2.651.340
Stable deposits	2.104.205	-	105.210	-
Less stable deposits	31.091.998	26.513.400	3.109.200	2.651.340
Unsecured debts other than real person and retail deposits	19.234.262	12.085.765	8.762.461	5.019.534
Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
Non-operational deposits	18.289.944	12.010.631	7.818.143	4.944.400
Other unsecured debts	944.318	75.134	944.318	75.134
Secured debts	-	-	-	-
Other cash outflows	1.410.059	5.051.811	1.410.059	5.051.811
Derivative liabilities and collateral completion liabilities	1.410.059	5.051.811	1.410.059	5.051.811
Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-	-
Payment commitments for debts to financial markets and other off-the-balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	-
Other off-the-balance sheet and revocable (without contingency) liabilities and other contractual liabilities	16.196.305	10.507.557	1.975.033	1.544.624
Other irrevocable or revocable (based on conditions) off-the balance sheet debts	-	-	-	-
TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			15.361.963	14.267.309
Cash Inflows				
Secured liabilities	-	-	-	-
Unsecured liabilities	7.166.056	4.313.574	5.330.868	3.496.686
Other cash inflows	578.325	4.112.540	578.325	4.112.540
TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	7.744.381	8.426.114	5.909.193	7.609.227
			Values to which the upper limit is applied	
TOTAL HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS INVENTORY			28.754.225	24.293.354
TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			9.452.770	6.658.082
LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			304,19	364,87

(*) Simple arithmetic average for last 3 months is calculated for items of the table, which are calculated by weekly simple arithmetic averages

Table below represents lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage rates for year 2021.

	Prior Period - 31.12.2021	
	TL+FC	FC
Highest (%)	383,04	581,29
Date	04.11.2021	01.12.2021
Lowest (%)	246,98	233,79
Date	18.11.2021	08.10.2021
Average (%)	304,19	364,87

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VII. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued)

b) Breakdown of assets and liabilities according to their outstanding maturities:

Current Period – 31 March 2022	Demand	Up to 1 Month	1 - 3 Months	3 - 12 Months	1 - 5 Years	5 Years and Over	Unallocated	Total
Assets								
Cash Equivalents (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the CBRT ^(****)	1.824.959	8.312.456	-	-	-	-	-	-10.137.415
Banks ^(****)	608.331	917.100	-	-	-	-	-	-1.525.431
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (Net) ^(***)	-	161.501	213.015	1.022.531	3.199.192	224.231	5.567	4.826.037
Interbank Money Market Placements ^(****)	-	21.315.661	-	-	-	-	-	-21.315.661
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	497	459.272	385.883	2.521.362	595.004	-	3.962.018
Loans	-	7.281.395	6.183.262	11.611.998	7.600.374	916.117	78.632	33.671.778
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Amortized Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets ^(*)	-	1.102	-	21	23.710	-	1.346.236	1.371.069
Total Assets	2.433.290	37.989.712	6.855.549	13.020.433	13.344.638	1.735.352	1.430.435	76.809.409
Liabilities								
Bank Deposits	132.641	944.815	-	-	-	-	-	-1.077.456
Other Deposits	28.728.156	23.497.445	5.351.314	2.540.698	14.490	-	-	60.132.103
Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions	-	3.020	-	-	-	-	-	3.020
Money Market Borrowings	-	-	2.609	-	-	-	1.521.392	1.524.001
Issued Marketable Securities (Net)	-	-	404.507	-	-	-	-	404.507
Miscellaneous Payables	-	408.173	-	654.731	-	2.139.185	-	3.202.089
Other Liabilities ^{(**)(***)}	-	326.172	545.924	1.721.748	2.853.798	22.544	4.996.047	10.466.233
Total Liabilities	28.860.797	25.179.625	6.304.354	4.917.177	2.868.288	2.161.729	6.517.439	76.809.409
Net Liquidity Excess / (Gap)	(26.427.507)	12.810.087	551.195	8.103.256	10.476.350	(426.377)	(5.087.004)	-
Net Off Balance Sheet Position	- (163.381)	(330.994)	(199.110)	111.204	-	-	-	(582.281)
Derivative Financial Assets	-49.684.356	10.325.083	19.642.579	19.105.519	1.049.170	-	-	-99.806.707
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-49.847.737	10.656.077	19.841.689	18.994.315	1.049.170	-	-	-100.388.988
Non-cash Loans	12.349.032	451.991	530.145	1.609.801	25.687	1.175	-	-14.967.831
Prior Period – 31 December 2021								
Total Assets	2.896.852	43.029.057	4.225.094	10.893.387	11.767.544	1.469.076	1.454.494	75.735.504
Total Liabilities	27.157.664	28.521.441	5.259.619	4.537.129	2.482.636	2.030.430	5.746.585	75.735.504
Net Liquidity Excess / (Gap)	(24.260.812)	14.507.616	(1.034.525)	6.356.258	9.284.908	(561.354)	(4.292.091)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	- (376.689)	(218.931)	(550.039)	86.572	-	-	-	(1.059.087)
Derivative Financial Assets	-25.419.365	9.056.242	16.332.507	16.806.416	1.576.793	-	-	-69.191.323
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-25.796.054	9.275.173	16.882.546	16.719.844	1.576.793	-	-	-70.250.410
Non-cash Loans	10.522.670	491.879	304.978	2.351.744	35.755	1.084	-	-13.708.110

(*) Assets that are necessary for banking activities and that cannot be liquidated in the short-term, such as fixed and intangible assets, investments, subsidiaries, stationery, pre-paid expenses and non-performing loans, are classified in this column.

(**) Shareholders' Equity is presented under "Other Liabilities" item in the "Unallocated" column.

(***) Financial Derivative Assets are shown in "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss", and Financial Derivative Liabilities are shown in "Other Liabilities".

(****) Cash Equivalents (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the CBRT, Banks and interbank money market balances consist of expected credit losses amounting to TL 5.531.

c) Information on securitization positions:

None.

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VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED LEVERAGE RATIO

Below is the table on leverage ratio according to the Guideline of the Measuring and Evaluating Banks’ Leverage Rate, published in the Official Gazette no.28812 and dated 5 November 2013.

	Current Period 31.03.2022	Prior Period 31.12.2021
	(*)	(*)
Assets On the Balance Sheet		
1 Assets on the balance sheet (excluding derivative financial instruments and loan derivatives, including collaterals)	55.663.168	48.956.470
2 (Assets deducted from core capital)	(267.242)	(255.492)
3 Total risk amount for assets on the balance sheet (sum of lines 1 and 2)	55.395.926	48.700.978
Derivative Financial Instruments and Loan Derivatives		
4 Renewal cost of derivative financial instruments and loan derivatives	494.128	(338.428)
5 Potential credit risk amount of derivative financial instruments and loan derivatives	536.436	1.931.415
6 Total risk amount of derivative financial instruments and loan derivatives (sum of lines 4 and 5)	1.030.564	1.592.987
Financing Transactions with Securities or Goods Warranties		
7 Risk amount of financial transactions with securities or goods warranties (excluding those in the balance sheet)		
Risk amount arising from intermediated transactions	337.979	213.345
8 Total risk amount of financing transactions with securities or goods warranties (sum of lines 7 and 8)	-	-
9 Off-the-Balance Sheet Transactions	337.979	213.345
Gross nominal amount of the off-the-balance sheet transactions		
10 Adjustment amount arising from multiplying by the credit conversion rate	37.956.560	25.439.768
11 Total risk amount for off-the-balance sheet transactions (sum of lines 10 and 11)	-	-
12 Capital and Total Risk	37.956.560	25.439.768
Core capital		
13 Total risk amount (sum of lines 3,6,9 and 12)	4.544.892	4.119.187
14 Transition Process Unapplied Leverage Ratio	94.721.029	75.947.078
Transition process unapplied leverage ratio (%)		
15 Assets On the Balance Sheet	4,80	5,42

(*) Table represents three month average amounts.

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IX. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué On Disclosures About Risk Management To Be Announced To Public By Banks that have been published in Official Gazette no. 29511 on 23 October 2015 and became effective as of 31 March 2016. According to Communiqué have to be presented on a quarterly basis. Due to usage of standard approach for the calculation of capital adequacy by the Group, the following required tables have not been presented on 31 March 2022:

- RWA flow statements of CCR exposures under the Internal Model Method (IMM)
- RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under IRB
- RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under an IMA

Explanations on risk management and risk weighted amount:

a) Overview of risk weighted amounts

	Risk Weighted Amounts		Minimum
	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021	Capital Requirements Current Period 31 March 2022
Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	31.530.237	28.378.634	2.522.419
Standardised approach	31.530.237	28.378.634	2.522.419
Internal rating-based approach	-	-	-
Counterparty credit risk	918.580	1.102.603	73.486
Standardised approach for counterparty credit risk	918.580	1.102.603	73.486
Internal model method	-	-	-
Equity position in banking book under basic risk weighting or internal rating-based	-	-	-
Equity investments in funds – look-through approach	-	-	-
Equity investments in funds – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
Equity investments in funds – 1250% risk weighting approach	-	-	-
Settlement risk	-	-	-
Securitisation exposures in banking book	-	-	-
IRB ratings-based approach	-	-	-
IRB supervisory formula approach	-	-	-
SA/simplified supervisory formula approach	-	-	-
Market risk	4.001.625	2.724.325	320.130
Standardised approach	4.001.625	2.724.325	320.130
Internal model approaches	-	-	-
Operational risk	4.698.176	3.593.201	375.854
Basic indicator approach	4.698.176	3.593.201	375.854
Standardised approach	-	-	-
Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital (subject to 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
Floor adjustment	-	-	-
Total	41.148.618	35.798.763	3.291.889

X. EXPLANATIONS ON THE PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT THEIR FAIR VALUES

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

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XI. EXPLANATIONS ON THE ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT ON BEHALF AND ACCOUNT OF OTHER PEOPLE

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

XII. EXPLANATIONS ON OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Parent Bank operates in retail banking, corporate and investment banking, treasury and capital markets.

In the retail banking segment, the Bank provides debit card, credit card, deposits, consumer loan, payment and collection, premier customer services, custodian services, financial planning, insurance products services. In corporate and commercial banking segment, the Bank provides loans, commercial card, foreign trade financing, structured trading financing, project and export financing, syndications, custodian services, cash and risk management services. In the corporate and investment banking segment, loan and investment services, commercial card, insurance products, cash and risk management services are provided to customers. Also, the Parent Bank provides marketable securities transactions, gold and foreign exchange transactions, derivative transactions and money market transactions services to its customers.

	Retail Banking	Corporate and Investment Banking	Global Banking(***)	Treasury and Capital Markets	Other	Group's Total Activities
Current Period – 31 March 2022						
Operating Income	307.261	390.189	196.887	457.515	1.612	1.353.464
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating Income	307.261	390.189	196.887	457.515	1.612	1.353.464
Segment Net Profit	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undistributed Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating Profit/(Loss)	785	166.440	145.295	366.671	(15.947)	663.244
Profit before Tax	785	166.440	145.295	366.671	(15.947)	663.244
Corporate Tax Provision ^(*)	-	-	-	-	(162.895)	(162.895)
Profit after Tax	785	166.440	145.295	366.671	(178.842)	500.349
Non-Controlling Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Profit for the Period	785	166.440	145.295	366.671	(178.842)	500.349
Segment Assets	3.517.193	21.206.762	9.014.887	43.070.567	-	76.809.409
Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undistributed Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	3.517.193	21.206.762	9.014.887	43.070.567	-	76.809.409
Segment Liabilities	41.012.860	7.021.431	12.011.985	9.881.890	1.958.066	71.886.232
Undistributed Liabilities	-	-	-	-	4.923.177	4.923.177
Total Liabilities	41.012.860	7.021.431	12.011.985	9.881.890	6.881.243	76.809.409
Other Segment Items (1.097.988)		-	-	(9.262)	(10.108)	(1.117.358)
Capital Investment	-	-	-	-	30.957	30.957
Amortization	(502)	-	-	-	(41.065)	(41.567)
Impairment	-	-	-	(9.262)	-	(9.262)
Non-Cash Other Income-Expense ^(**)	(1.097.486)	-	-	-	-	(1.097.486)

^(*) Corporate tax provision is not distributed.

^(**) Non-Cash Other Income-Expense includes other income and expense accruals and provisions.

^(***) Corporate Banking and Investment Banking, which previously operated under a single business line, was decided to be structured under two separate business lines as “Corporate Banking” and “Global Banking” within the scope of the organizational change approved by the Board of Directors.

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED CONSOLIDATED
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(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TL”).)

XII. EXPLANATIONS ON OPERATING SEGMENTS(Continued)

	Retail Banking	Corporate and Investment Banking	Global Banking (***)	Treasury and Capital Markets	Other	Group's Total Activities
Current Period – 31 December 2021(****)						
Operating Income	175.749	351.059	-	187.506	19.729	734.043
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating Income	175.749	351.059	-	187.506	19.729	734.043
Segment Net Profit	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undistributed Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating Profit/(Loss)	(32.006)	200.540	-	115.647	22.491	306.672
Profit before Tax	(32.006)	200.540	-	115.647	22.491	306.672
Corporate Tax Provision ^(*)	-	-	-	-	(67.763)	(67.763)
Profit after Tax	(32.006)	200.540	-	115.647	(45.272)	238.909
Non-Controlling Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Profit for the Period	(32.006)	200.540	-	115.647	(45.272)	238.909
Segment Assets	3.489.104	17.968.334	6.939.037	47.338.809	-	75.735.284
Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	220	220
Undistributed Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	3.489.104	17.968.334	6.939.037	47.338.809	220	75.735.504
Segment Liabilities	37.429.661	8.258.676	11.930.937	11.805.087	1.891.689	71.316.050
Undistributed Liabilities	-	-	-	-	4.419.454	4.419.454
Total Liabilities	37.429.661	8.258.676	11.930.937	11.805.087	6.311.143	75.735.504
Other Segment Items	257.442	-	-	(1.704)	(3.661)	252.077
Capital Investment	-	-	-	-	28.934	28.934
Amortization	-	-	-	-	(32.595)	(32.595)
Impairment	-	-	-	(1.704)	-	(1.704)
Non-Cash Other Income- Expense ^(**)	257.442	-	-	-	-	257.442

^(*) Corporate tax provision is not distributed.

^(**) Non-Cash Other Income-Expense includes other income and expense accruals and provisions.

^(***) Corporate Banking and Investment Banking, which previously operated under a single business line, was decided to be structured under two separate business lines as “Corporate Banking” and “Global Banking” within the scope of the organizational change approved by the Board of Directors.

^(****) Income-Expense items represent the amounts of 31 March 2021.

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SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS

a) Information related to cash equivalents and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (The “CBRT”):

1. Information on cash equivalents and balances with the CBRT:

	Current Period 31 March 2022		Prior Period 31 December 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash/Foreign Currency	80.042	1.683.474	64.316	1.746.458
The CBRT	66.942	8.308.703	1.005.937	8.374.511
Total	146.984	9.992.177	1.070.253	10.120.969

2. Information related to balances with the CBRT:

	Current Period 31 March 2022		Prior Period 31 December 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted Demand Deposit	45.986	15.477	980.551	14.186
Unrestricted Time Deposit	20.956	-	25.386	-
Restricted Time Deposit	-	-	-	-
Reserve Requirements	-	8.293.226	-	8.360.325
Total	66.942	8.308.703	1.005.937	8.374.511

3. Explanation on reserve deposits:

According to the CBRT's Communiqué No. 2013/15, banks operating in Turkey establish required reserves at the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey for their Turkish currency and foreign currency liabilities. It can be held in US Dollars and/or Euros and standard gold. According to the Communiqué on Required Reserves published in the Official Gazette dated 01.07.2021 and numbered 31528, the possibility of establishing Turkish lira required reserves in foreign currency was terminated as of 1 October 2021.

As of 31 March 2022, Turkish lira required reserve ratios for Turkish lira deposits and other liabilities range from 3% to 8% (31 December 2021: 3% to 8%), according to the maturity structure of deposits and other liabilities. It was determined in the range of 5% to 26% (31 December 2021: 5% to 26%).

Within the scope of the Communiqué No. 2021/14 on Supporting the Conversion of Turkish Lira Deposit and Participation Accounts, the conversion rate from foreign currency deposit accounts in US dollars, Euros and British Pounds and participation fund accounts in foreign currency to Turkish lira time deposits and participation accounts is 10% as of the obligation date of 15 April 2022 and for banks that reached 20% as of 2 September 2022; Until the end of 2022, it has been decided not to apply an annual commission of 1.5% over the amount up to the amount to be kept for its liabilities. As of 2 September 2022, the rate of commission to be collected from banks whose conversion rate cannot reach 10% for real and legal persons separately, will be 3%.

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I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (Continued)

b) Information on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

1. Financial assets given as collateral/blocked and subject to repurchase agreements:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Collateral/Blocked Repurchase Agreement	3.927	3.744
Unrestricted	901.748	219.041
Total	905.675	222.785

2. Positive differences table related to trading derivative financial assets:

	Current Period 31 March 2022		Prior Period 31 December 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	508	374.838	-	454.562
Swap Transactions	358.702	523.753	296.411	656.254
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	2.656.994	-	2.468.718
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	359.210	3.555.585	296.411	3.579.534

c) Information on Banks:

1. Information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Current Period 31 March 2022		Prior Period 31 December 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
Domestic	303.512	-	24.253	-
Foreign	1	1.222.015	2.001	997.400
Foreign Head Office and Branches	-	-	-	-
Total	303.513	1.222.015	26.254	997.400

2. Information on foreign bank accounts:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

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I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (Continued)

d) Information on financial assets fair value through other comprehensive income given as collateral/blocked and subject to repurchase agreements:

1. Financial assets given as collateral/blocked and subject to repurchase agreements:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Collateral/Blocked	2.904.603	799.472
Repurchase Agreement	3.047	2.280.902
Unrestricted	1.054.368	576.682
Total	3.962.018	3.657.056

2. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Debt Securities	4.071.016	3.765.202
Quoted to Stock Exchange	4.071.016	3.765.202
Not Quoted	-	-
Share Certificate	-	-
Quoted to Stock Exchange	-	-
Not Quoted	-	-
Impairment Provision (-)	108.998	108.146
Total	3.962.018	3.657.056

e) Information Related to Loans:

1. Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Group:

	Current Period 31 March 2022		Prior Period 31 December 2021	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Direct Loans Granted to Shareholders	-	128.784	-	94.346
Corporate Shareholders	-	128.784	-	94.346
Real Person Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect Loans Granted to Shareholders	-	570.346	-	444.756
Loans Granted to Employees	19.618	-	19.746	-
Total	19.618	699.130	19.746	539.102

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I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (Continued)

2. Information on the standard loans and loans under close monitoring including loans that have been restructured or rescheduled:

Cash Loans	Loans under Close Monitoring			
	Standard Loans	Loans not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans	
			Loans with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
Non-specialized Loans^(*)	26.054.150	5.974.937	3.237.478	-
Discount Notes	16.279.959	4.923.532	3.035.887	-
Export Loans	1.963.421	31.898	183.528	-
Import Loans	4.383.419	735.226	-	-
Loans Given to Financial Sector	153.577	-	-	-
Retail Loans	1.301.716	79.426	1.187	-
Credit Cards	1.952.944	204.855	16.876	-
Other	19.114	-	-	-
Specialized Loans	-	-	-	-
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-
Total	26.054.150	5.974.937	3.237.478	-

(*) Includes the factoring receivables amounting to TL 316.205.

	Current Period 31 March 2022		Prior Period 31 December 2021	
	Standard Loans	Loans Under Close Monitoring	Standard Loans	Loans Under Close Monitoring
12 Months Expected Credit Loss	151.314	-	157.744	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	1.522.105	-	1.399.090
Total	151.314	1.522.105	157.744	1.399.090

3. Breakdown of loans according to their maturities:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

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I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (Continued)

4. Information on consumer loans, personal credit cards, personnel loans and personnel credit cards:

	Short-term	Medium and Long-term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	149.453	1.120.462	1.269.915
Mortgage Loans	-	135.346	135.346
Vehicle Loans	2.366	79.947	82.313
Consumer Loans	147.087	904.666	1.051.753
Other	-	503	503
Consumer Loans-Indexed to FC	-	335	335
Mortgage Loans	-	335	335
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC	-	-	-
Mortgage Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Individual Credit Cards-TL	2.127.904	13.830	2.141.734
Instalment	757.939	13.830	771.769
Non Instalment	1.369.965	-	1.369.965
Individual Credit Cards-FC	11.250	-	11.250
Instalment	688	-	688
Non Instalment	10.562	-	10.562
Personnel Loans-TL	1.790	9.387	11.177
Mortgage Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	1.790	9.387	11.177
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Mortgage Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
Mortgage Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	8.231	-	8.231
Instalment	4.128	-	4.128
Non Instalment	4.103	-	4.103
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	210	-	210
Instalment	-	-	-
Non Instalment	210	-	210
Overdraft Account-TL (Individual)	100.902	-	100.902
Overdraft Account-FC (Individual)	-	-	-
Total Consumer Loans	2.399.740	1.144.014	3.543.754

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I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (Continued)

5. Information on commercial instalment loans and corporate credit cards:

	Short-term	Medium and Long-term	Total
Commercial Instalment Loans-TL	-	4.950	4.950
Mortgage Loans	-	-	-
Automotive Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	4.950	4.950
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Instalment Loans- FC Indexed	-	29.145	29.145
Mortgage Loans	-	-	-
Automotive Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	29.145	29.145
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Instalment Loans-FC	-	-	-
Mortgage Loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	10.994	-	10.994
Instalment	1.126	-	1.126
Non Instalment	9.868	-	9.868
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	2.256	-	2.256
Instalment	-	-	-
Non Instalment	2.256	-	2.256
Overdraft Account-TL (Commercial)	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-FC (Commercial)	-	-	-
Total	13.250	34.095	47.345

6. Loans according to types of borrowers:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

7. Distribution of domestic and foreign loans:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Domestic Loans	34.774.927	29.329.776
Foreign Loans	491.638	445.401
Total (*)	35.266.565	29.775.177

(*) As of 31 March 2021, includes the factoring receivables amounting to TL 316.205 (31 December 2021: TL 286.586).

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I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (Continued)

8. Loans granted to investments in associates and subsidiaries:

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group has no loans granted to investments in associates and subsidiaries.

9. Specific provisions provided against loans:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Loans with Limited Collectability	8.532	9.451
Loans with Doubtful Collectability	16.844	16.368
Uncollectible Loans	187.816	219.799
Total	213.192	245.618

10 Information on non-performing loans (Net):

10 (i). Information on non-performing loans and other receivables restructured loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with Limited Collectability	Loans with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans
Current Period: 31 March 2022			
Gross Amounts Before Provisions	-	-	68.417
Rescheduled Loans	-	-	68.417
Prior Period: 31 December 2021			
Gross Amounts Before Provisions	-	-	76.290
Rescheduled Loans	-	-	76.290

10 (ii). Information on the movement of total non-performing loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with Limited Collectability	Loans with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans
Balance at the end of Prior Period: 31 December 2021	16.212	20.767	311.757
Additions (+)	13.887	186	5.148
Transfers from Other Categories of Non-Performing Loans (+)	-	11.841	7.180
Transfers to Other Categories of Non-Performing Loans (-)	11.839	7.180	2
Collections (-)	4.060	4.073	19.382
Write-offs (-) ^(*)	-	-	34.797
Sold Portfolio (-)	-	-	13.821
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	-	-
Retail Loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period: 31 March 2022	14.200	21.541	256.083
Provisions (-)	8.532	16.844	187.816
Net Balance in Balance Sheet	5.668	4.697	68.267

^(*) As of 31 March 2022, the Parent Bank's non-performing loan ratio decreased from 0.92% to 0.82% after the loans written off in the current period in accordance with the amendment in the related Provisions Regulation.

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10 (iii). Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency loans:

As of 31 March 2022, there are no non-performing loans granted as foreign currency loans (31 December 2021: None).

10 (iv). Breakdown of gross and net values of the non-performing loans according to their beneficiary group:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with Limited Collectability	Loans with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans
Current Period (Net): 31 March 2022	5.668	4.697	68.267
Loans granted to corporate entities and real persons (Gross)	14.200	21.541	256.083
Provisions Amount (-)	8.532	16.844	187.816
Loans granted to corporate entities and real persons (Net)	5.668	4.697	68.267
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provisions Amount (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans (Gross)	-	-	-
Provisions Amount (-)	-	-	-
Other Loans (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (Net): 31 December 2021	6.761	4.399	91.968
Loans granted to corporate entities and real persons (Gross)	16.212	20.767	311.767
Provisions Amount (-)	9.451	16.368	219.799
Loans granted to corporate entities and real persons (Net)	6.761	4.399	91.968
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provisions Amount (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans (Gross)	-	-	-
Provisions Amount (-)	-	-	-
Other Loans (Net)	-	-	-
	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with Limited Collectability	Loans with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans
Current Period (Net)	355	587	6.272
Interest Accruals and Rediscount with Valuation Differences	1.157	2.716	15.586
Provision amount (-)	802	2.129	9.314
Prior Period (Net)	355	587	6.272
Interest Accruals and Rediscount with Valuation Differences	1.157	2.716	15.586
Provision amount (-)	802	2.129	9.314

11. Information on the collection policy of non-performing loans and other receivables:

For uncollectible loans, primarily, a reach for an agreement with the company and third parties (natural and/or legal) having guarantees subject to the risk is being sought and actions either aimed at liquidation of collateral in the loan risk warranty or aimed at proceedings without judgement are taken. In case of obtaining no result in consequence of these actions, liquidation subject to requirements within the framework of legal regulations designated by the Parent Bank's top management occurs.

12. Information on the write-off policy of the Bank:

Within the scope of the “Regulation Amending the Regulation on the Procedures and Principles Regarding the Classification of Loans and Provisions to be Set aside”, which was published in the Official Gazette dated 27 November 2019 and numbered 30961, the Parent Bank may exclude the portion of its loans classified as “Fifth Group-Loans with Loss” from the balance sheet, for which there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The Parent Bank makes an objective evaluation while determining whether there is a reasonable expectation.

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All of the loans that meet the following conditions are considered by the Parent Bank as having lost their ability completely to collect and all risks of these loans are written off:

- When Unsecured Individual products reach a delay of more than 3 years (1080 days),
- When there is no guarantee left for the Guaranteed Individual products and the delay period exceeds 3 years (1080 days),
- In case a customer has more than one Unsecured and Secured Loans, all accounts belonging to the customer are deducted from the record after all of their loans meet the above 2 criteria.

The deduction of these loans, which cannot be collected, is an accounting practice and does not result in the waiver of the right to receivable.

In addition to these, operational write-off is applied to accounts that have a negligible collection potential and whose recovery process has been exhausted, and such accounts are made a loss without any collection activity. The list of customers to be included is determined annually by considering objective and subjective criteria, and action is taken with the decision of the Board of Directors.

f) Explanations on Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost:

1. Rep information on financial assets given an collateral/blocked and subject to repurchase agreements and those:

As of 31 March 2022, the Group has no financial assets measured at amortized cost given as collateral/blocked and subject to repurchase agreements (31 December 2021: None).

2. Information on Government debt securities held-to-maturity:

As of 31 March 2022, the Group has no government debt securities measured at amortized (31 December 2021: None).

3. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

As of 31 March 2022, the Group has no financial assets measured at amortized cost (31 December 2021: None).

4. The movement of financial assets measured at amortized cost:

As of 31 March 2022, the Group has no movements of financial assets measured at amortized cost within the period (31 December 2021: None).

g) Information on associates (Net):

The Group has no associates as of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021.

h) Information on subsidiaries (Net):

1. Information on subsidiaries which are not included in the scope of consolidation:

a) Unconsolidated subsidiaries:

As of 31 March 2022, the Parent Bank has no subsidiaries that are not included in the scope of consolidation. As of 31 December 2021, the liquidation process of HSBC Ödeme Sistemleri and Bilgisayar Teknolojileri Basın Yayın ve Müşteri Hizmetleri A.Ş., which is not included in the scope of consolidation of the Bank, started on 17 October 2019 and was liquidated on 28 March 2022.

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2. Information on the consolidated subsidiaries:

HSBC Yatırım was established as Demir Yatırım on 23 December 1996. The merger of the Demir Yatırım and HSBC Yatırım was realized and the merger agreement was signed, with the Board of Directors decision, No. 222 and dated 6 December 2001 based on the authority given to the Board of Directors in accordance with General Assembly decision dated 30 October 2001. Also dissolution of HSBC Yatırım and change of the new merged company to HSBC Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. was agreed and the merger of these two companies was accomplished as of 11 January 2002. HSBC Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. participated in 100% shares of HSBC Portföy Yönetim A.Ş. as a founder as of 13 August 2003.

a) Consolidated Subsidiaries:

Title	Adres (City/ Country)	The Parent Bank’s share percentage- If different voting percentage (%)	Bank’s risk group share percentage (%)
HSBC Yatırım ve Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Esentepe Mahallesi Büyükdere Caddesi No:128 Şişli 34394, İSTANBUL	100,00	-

b) Main financial figures of the subsidiaries, in the order of the above table (*):

Total Assets	Shareholder’s Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Income from Marketable Securities Portfolio	Current Period Profit/Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Fair Value
190.400	127.176	4.006	3.402	557	11.609	10.489	-

(*) Prepared on the basis of the audited 31 March 2022 consolidated financial statements.

3. Movement schedule of the consolidated subsidiaries:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	34.753	34.753
Movements During the Period		
Purchases	-	-
Bonus Shares and Contributions to Capital	-	-
Dividends From Current Year Profit	-	-
Sales/Liquidation	-	-
Revaluation Increase	-	-
Provision Decrease of Valuation	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	34.753	34.753
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the End of the Period (%)	100,00	100,00

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I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (Continued)

4. Sectoral information on financial subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Banks	-	-
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	34.753	34.753

5. Subsidiaries quoted on a stock exchange:

The Group has no subsidiaries quoted on a stock exchange as of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021.

a) Information on jointly controlled entities:

- a. The Group has no jointly controlled entities as of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021.
- b. As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the accounting method is not determined since the Group has no jointly controlled entities.

b) Information on financial lease receivables (Net):

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group has no finance leases.

c) Information on hedging derivative financial assets:

The Group has no hedging of derivative financial assets as of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021.

d) Explanations on property and equipment:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

e) Information on intangible assets:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

f) Information on the investment properties:

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group has no investment properties.

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I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (Continued)

g) Explanations on deferred tax asset:

As of 31 March 2022, foreign currency deferred tax asset of the Group is TL 588.540 (31 December 2021: TL 668.896). Temporary differences subject to deferred tax calculation result from mainly the loan provisions to be deducted from tax, other provisions allocated within the scope of TAS 37, tax values and debts of fixed assets and financial assets, and provision for employee rights.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities, which are accounted for the temporary differences arising between applicable accounting policies and valuation principles and tax legislation in the Group, are netted-off and accounted. As of 31 March 2022, The Bank’s information regarding deferred tax have been explained in Note XX of Section Three.

h) Information on assets held for sale and related to discontinued operations:

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group has no assets held for sale.

r. Information on other assets:

1. There are no further explanations of the Group related to prepaid expenses, tax and other operations.

	Current Period	Prior Period
	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
Miscellaneous Receivables (*)	147.610	77.521
Prepaid Expenses	99.259	45.685
Debited Suspense Accounts	71.681	79.803
Other Rediscount Income (**)	29.905	38.772
Other Assets	9.552	14.959
Total	358.007	256.740

(*) Includes BIST and derivative securities.

(**) As of 31 March 2022 amount of TL 2.172 provision provided for Miscellaneous Receivables within the scope of TFRS 9 (31 December 2021: TL 1.123).

s. Information on receivables from forward sale of the assets classified in the miscellaneous receivables:

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group has no receivables from forward sale of the assets classified in the miscellaneous receivables.

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II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES

a) Information on deposits

1. Information on maturity structure of the deposits:

The Group has no deposits with 7 days maturity and no cumulative deposits.

1(i). Current Period – 31 March 2022:

	Demand	With 7 Days Maturity	Up to 1 Month	1 - 3 Months	3 - 6 Months	6 Months- 1 Year	1 Year and Over	Cumulative Deposit	Total
Saving Deposits	509.479	-	1.726.668	2.574.615	339.179	276.981	409.555	-	9.836.477
Foreign Currency Deposits	22.530.751	-	6.021.909	8.075.720	271.157	118.815	208.099	-	37.226.451
Residents in Turkey	20.538.042	-	5.776.040	7.141.687	181.694	60.900	98.710	-	33.797.073
Residents Abroad	1.992.709	-	245.869	934.033	89.463	57.915	109.389	-	3.429.378
Public Sector Deposits	3.144	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.144
Commercial Deposits	986.029	-	5.064.540	375.303	40.822	981.974	378.784	-	7.827.452
Other Institutions Deposits	6.372	-	651	-	-	-	-	-	7.023
Precious Metal Deposit	4.692.381	-	34.425	480.653	15.473	7.895	729	-	5.231.556
Bank Deposit	132.641	-	944.815	-	-	-	-	-	1.077.456
The CBRT	2581	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2581
Domestic Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Banks	130.060	-	944.815	-	-	-	-	-	1.074.875
Participation Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	28.860.797	-	13.793.008	11.506.291	4.666.631	1.385.665	997.167	-	61.209.559

1(ii). Prior Period – 31 December 2021:

	Demand	With 7 Days Maturity	Up to 1 Month	1 - 3 Months	3 - 6 Months	6 Months- 1 Year	1 Year and Over	Cumulative Deposit	Total
Saving Deposits	529.002	-	1.755.589	2.932.962	1.001.446	148.416	240.528	-	6.607.943
Foreign Currency Deposits	19.916.435	-	8.492.159	9.756.201	261.869	122.546	218.436	-	38.767.646
Residents in Turkey	18.152.943	-	8.314.183	8.821.546	162.588	58.864	98.488	-	35.608.612
Residents Abroad	1.763.492	-	177.976	934.655	99.281	63.682	119.948	-	3.159.034
Public Sector Deposits	2.636	-	280.276	-	-	-	-	-	282.912
Commercial Deposits	835.813	-	4.352.454	347.679	64.469	5.126	11.077	-	5.616.618
Other Institutions Deposits	6.312	-	408	-	-	-	-	-	6.720
Precious Metal Deposit	5.780.577	-	35.652	488.386	15.475	7.769	619	-	6.328.478
Bank Deposits	86.004	-	229.420	-	-	-	-	-	315.424
The CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Banks	86.004	-	229.420	-	-	-	-	-	315.424
Participation Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	27.156.779	-	15.145.958	13.525.228	1.343.259	283.857	470.660	-	57.925.741

Foreign exchange-protected deposit product, the operating rules of which are determined by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance and the CBRT, and which ensures that TL deposits are valued with interest rates and are protected against foreign currency exchange rates, is offered to bank customers. As of 31 March 2022, the foreign exchange-protected deposit amount in this context is TL 5.484.564.

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2. Information on saving deposits insurance:

2(i). Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of the Saving Deposits Insurance Fund and amounts exceeding the limit of the deposit insurance fund:

	Covered by	Exceeding Deposit	Covered by	Exceeding Deposit
	Deposit Insurance Fund	Insurance Limit	Deposit Insurance Fund	Insurance Limit
	Current Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Prior Period
Saving Deposits	31 March 2022	31 March 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2021
Saving Deposits	3.636.588	6.199.889	2.341.609	4.266.334
Foreign Currency Saving Deposits	5.314.932	20.680.537	4.349.547	20.447.195
Other Deposits in the Form of Saving Deposits	785.844	4.356.952	608.626	5.383.215
Foreign Branches' Deposits under Foreign Authorities' Insurance Coverage	-	-	-	-
Off-Shore Banking Regions' Deposits under Foreign Authorities' Insurance Coverage	-	-	-	-
Total	9.737.364	31.237.378	7.299.782	30.096.744

2(ii). Since the head office of the Parent Bank is not located abroad, saving deposit in Turkey are not covered by the saving deposits insurance in another country..

2(iii). Saving deposits of individuals, which are not covered by the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund:

	Current Period	Prior Period
	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
Foreign Branches' Deposits and other accounts	-	-
Saving Deposits and Other Accounts of Major Shareholders and Deposits of their Mother, Father, Spouse, Children under their wardship	-	-
Saving Deposits and Other Accounts of President and Members of Board of Directors, CEO and Vice Presidents and Deposits of their Mother, Father, Spouse, Children under their wardship	37.265	31.494
Saving Deposits and Other Accounts in Scope of the Property Holdings Derived from Crime Defined in Article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law No:5237 dated 26.09.2004	-	-
Saving Deposits in Deposit Bank Which Established in Turkey in Order to Engage in Off-shore Banking Activities	-	-

b) Information on Trading Derivative Financial Liabilities:

Table of negative differences for trading derivative financial liabilities:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	31 March 2022		31 December 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	240	1.396.457	-	1.908.647
Swap Transactions	201.327	310.964	131.184	469.365
Future Transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	2.656.436	-	2.466.076
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	201.567	4.363.857	131.184	4.844.088

c) Information on Funds Provided Under Repurchase Agreements:

As of 31 March 2022, the Group has funds from repo transactions amounting to TL 3.020(31 December 2021: TL 2.309.195).

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II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (Continued)

d) Information on Funds Borrowed:

1. Information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Current Period 31 March 2022		Prior Period 31 December 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Borrowings from the CBRT	-	-	-	-
Domestic Bank and Institutions	-	-	-	-
Foreign Banks and Institutions and Funds	-	1.062.859	-	957.868
Total	-	1.062.859	-	957.868

2. Information on the maturity structure of funds borrowed:

	Current Period 31 March 2022		Prior Period 31 December 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-Term	-	-	-	887
Medium and Long-Term	-	1.062.859	-	956.981
Total	-	1.062.859	-	957.868

3. Further information is disclosed for the areas of liability concentrations:

Group diversifies its funding sources by customer deposits and loans from foreign countries.

e) Information on Marketable Securities Issued:

	Current Period 31 March 2022		Prior Period 31 December 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Bills	404.507	-	529.156	-
Bonds	-	-	-	-
Total	404.507	-	529.156	-

f) Information on Foreign Other Liabilities:

Other foreign liabilities of the Group under “Other Liabilities” do not exceed 10% of the total liabilities.

g) Information on Financial Leasing Agreements:

1. Explanations on finance lease payables:

1 With the “IFRS 16 Leases” standard valid from 1 January 2019, the difference between operating leases and finance leases has been eliminated and the lease transactions have been expressed under the “Lease Payables” as liability by lessees.

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Less than 1 year	6.845	7.633
Between 1- 4 years	48.987	38.163
More than 4 years	20.506	56.471
Total	76.338	102.267

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II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (Continued)

h) Information on Derivative Financial Liabilities for Hedging Purposes:

As of 31 March 2022, the Group has no derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes (31 December 2021: None).

i) Information on general provisions:

1. Information on general provisions

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period December 2021
Provisions for off-balance sheet commitments ^(*)	78.803	59.045

^(*) In accordance with TFRS 9, the expected loss provisions for the Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 non-cash loans are in the "Other Provisions" column in the liabilities. With TFRS 9 transaction expected loss for cash loans and other financial assets are classified under assets.

2. Information on employee benefit provisions:

As of 31 March 2022, the Group has employee termination benefit provision amounting to TL 79.898 (31 December 2021: TL 61.264), and unused vacation provision amounting to TL 25.037 (31 December 2021: TL 14.933).

In accordance with existing Turkish Labour Law, the Parent Bank is required to make lump-sum termination indemnities to each employee who has completed one year of service with the Group and whose employment is terminated due to retirement or for reasons other than resignation or as mentioned in related legislation.

The computation of the liability is based upon the retirement pay ceiling announced. The applicable ceiling amount is TL 10.848,59 (full TL) (31 December 2021: TL 8.284,51 (full TL)). Employee termination benefit liability is not legally dependent on any kind of funding, and there is no requirement on funding.

The reserve for employment termination benefits represents the present value of the estimated total liability for the future probable obligation of the Bank determined by using certain actuarial assumptions. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be used in order to calculate Group's liabilities.

The assumption is that the severance pay ceiling applicable for each year of service will increase each year at the rate of inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied will show the expected real rate after adjusting for the expected effects of inflation. The severance pay liability of the Bank is calculated over TL 10.848,59 (full TL amount) (31 December 2021: TL 8.284,51 (full TL amount)) effective from 1 January 2022, since the severance pay ceiling is determined every six months.

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Current Period 31 December 2021
As of 1 January	61.264	62.161
Service Cost	995	3.760
Interest Cost	2.478	8.158
Actuarial Loss / (Gain)	16.766	(8.974)
Paid in Current Period	(1.605)	(3.841)
Total	79.898	61.264

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II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (Continued)

3. Information on provisions related to foreign currency difference on the principles of foreign indexed loans and finance lease receivables:

As of 31 March 2022, the Parent Bank has no provisions related to foreign currency difference on the principles of foreign currency indexed loans (31 December 2021: None).

4. Information on specific provisions for non-cash loans that is non-funded and non-transformed into cash:

As of 31 March 2022, provision for non-cash loans that are non-funded and non-transformed into cash is amounting to TL 1.553 (31 December 2021: TL 1.603).

5. Information on restructuring provisions:

As of 31 March 2022, the Parent Bank has no provision for restructuring.(31 December 2021: TL None).

6. Information on other provisions:

6 (i). Information on free provisions for possible risks:

As of 31 March 2022, the Group has no free provisions for possible risks (31 December 2021: None).

6 (ii). The names and amounts of sub-accounts of other provision under the condition of other provisions exceed 10% of total provisions:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Provision for Lawsuits	50.496	51.505
Provision for Accumulated Credit Card Bonus	4.728	4.720
Return Provision of Case File Expenses	384	351
Specific Provision for Non-Cash Loans that are Non-Funded and Non-Transformed into Cash	1.553	1.603
Other Provisions (*)	88.891	76.653
Total	146.052	134.832

(*) As of 31 March 2022, other provisions amounting TL 78.803 (31 December 2021: TL 59.045) with TFRS 9 Stage 1 and Stage 2 non-cash loans provision for expected losses and includes other provisions within TAS 37.

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II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (Continued)

j) Explanations on tax liability:

1. Explanations on current tax liability:

The corporate tax provisions calculation of the Group is explained in Note XX of Section Three.

1(i). Information on taxes payable:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Taxation on Marketable Securities	19.918	20.555
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	28.337	21.386
Corporate Taxes Payable	2.600	2.683
Capital Gains Tax on Property	621	325
Value Added Tax Payable	7.967	13.349
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	99.311	565.371
Other ^(*)	42.847	10.492
Total	201.601	634.161

^(*) As of 31 March 2022, other taxes payable amount consists of payroll tax amounting to TL 36.665 (31 December 2021: TL 8.485), stamp tax amounting to TL 1.305 (31 December 2021: TL 251), other taxes amounting to TL 4.961 (31 December 2021: TL 1.501) and self-employed income tax amounting to TL 186 (31 December 2021: TL 255).

1(ii). Information on premium payables:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Social Security Premiums – Employer	8.621	4.527
Social Security Premiums – Employee	11.062	7.407
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium – Employer	-	-
Social Aid Pension Fund Premium – Employee	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions – Employer	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions – Employee	-	-
Unemployment Insurance – Employer	1.174	654
Unemployment Insurance – Employee	783	522
Other	-	-
Total	21.640	13.110

2. Information on deferred tax liability:

Information on the Group’s deferred tax liability as of 31 March 2022 is explained in Note XX of Section Three.

k) Information on Liabilities Regarding Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations:

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group has no liabilities regarding assets held for sale and discontinued operations.

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**II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES
(Continued)**

l) Explanations on the number of subordinated loans the bank used, maturity, interest rate, institution that the loan was borrowed from, and conversion option, if any:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

m) Information on shareholder’s equity:

1. Presentation of paid-in capital:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Common Stock Provision	652.290	652.290
Preferred Stock Provision	-	-

The paid-in capital of the Bank is shown above in nominal terms. As of 31 March 2022, there is a capital reserve of TL 272.693 (31 December 2021: TL 272.693) and TL 50.880 (31 December 2021: TL 38.195) other capital reserves arising from the adjustment of the paid-in capital for inflation.

2. Amount of paid-in-capital, explanations as to whether the registered share capital system is applied, if so, and the amount of registered share capital ceiling:

Registered share capital system is not applied.

3. Information on the share capital increases during the period, their sources and other information:

The Group has not increased its share capital during the current period.

4. Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period:

The Group has no share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period.

5. Information on capital commitments, the purpose and the sources until the end of the fiscal year and the subsequent interim period:

The Group has no capital commitments.

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II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (Continued)

6. The effects of anticipations based on the financial figures for prior periods regarding the Group’s income, profitability and liquidity, and the anticipations regarding the uncertainty of these indicators on the shareholders’ equity:

The Group tends to strengthen its shareholders’ equity according to the assessment of financial figures for prior periods regarding the Group’s income, profitability and liquidity, and the anticipations regarding changes in the accounting standards.

7. Information on privileges given to shares representing the capital:

The Group has no privileges given to shares representing the capital.

8. Information on valuation differences of marketable securities:

	Current Period 31 March 2022		Prior Period 31 December 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries, and Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Difference	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	(93.921)	-	(110.708)	-
Valuation Difference	(93.921)	-	(110.708)	-
Foreign Currency Difference	-	-	-	-
Total	(93.921)	-	(110.708)	-

9. Information on revaluation value increase fund:

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group has no revaluation value increase fund.

10. Information on shareholders having more than 10% share in capital and/or voting right:

Based on the approval of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency dated 21 June 2017, 10,01% share of HSBC Bank Plc.’s 100% ownership of the Bank’s capital was transferred to HSBC Bank Middle East Limited and remaining 89,99% share of HSBC Bank Plc. was transferred to HSBC Middle East Holdings B.V. through share transfer agreement dated 29 June 2017.

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III. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS

a) Explanations on off-balance sheet commitments:

1. Loans type and amount of irrevocable commitments:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Asset Purchase and Sale Commitments	29.102.158	8.162.753
Commitments for Credit Card Limits	3.552.367	3.428.483
Commitments for Cheques	14.703	14.709
Loan Granting Commitments	237.795	237.911
Short Sale Commitments	-	-
Commitments for Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions	23.361	22.104
Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments	2.286	2.286
Other Irrevocable Commitments	492.733	535.242
Total	33.425.403	12.403.488

2. Type and amount of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items:

The Parent Bank has no probable losses arising from off-balance sheet items. Obligations arising from the off-balance sheet are disclosed in “Off-balance sheet commitments”.

2 (i). Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letters of credit:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Letters of Guarantee	7.838.936	7.358.848
Letters of Credit	6.736.654	5.994.093
Bank Acceptances	-	-
Other Guarantees	392.241	355.169
Total	14.967.831	13.708.110

(ii). Certain guarantees, temporary guarantees, surety ships and similar transactions:

The Parent Bank has no certain guarantees, temporary guarantees, surety ships and similar transactions except explained above in the Section 2 (i).

3. Information on the non-cash loans:

3 (i). Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 December 2021
Non- Cash Loans Given for Cash Loan Risks Non-Cash Loans	-	-
With Original Maturity of One Year or Less	-	-
With Original Maturity of More Than One Year	-	-
Other Non-Cash Loans	14.967.831	13.708.110
Total	14.967.831	13.708.110

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**III. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE
SHEET ACCOUNTS (Continued)**

3 (ii). Information on sectoral risk concentration within the non-cash loans:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

3 (iii). Information on the non-cash loans classified under Group I and Group II:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

b) Explanations on Derivative Transactions:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

c) Explanations on Credit Derivatives and Risk Exposures on Credit Derivatives:

None.

d) Explanations on Contingent Liabilities and Assets:

Contingent assets are recognised if the probability of occurrence is almost virtually certain, whereas they are disclosed in the notes, if the probability of occurrence is probable. As of 31 March 2022, there is no contingent assets to be disclosed.

Contingent liabilities are recognized if the probability of occurrence is probable and the liability can be measured reliably, whereas they are disclosed in the notes, if they cannot be measured reliably or the possibility of the occurrence is remote or does not exist.

The Group has certain contingent liabilities relating to various lawsuits due to the transactions it performed in the scope of banking operations. As of 31 March 2022, the total amount of these lawsuits filed against the Bank is TL 50.496 (31 December 2021: TL 51.505). A total provision of TL 384 (31 December 2021: TL 351) has been made for those lawsuits as the probability of being concluded against the bank is higher than the probability of their concluding in its favor, with TL 50.880 (31 December 2021: TL 51.856) being for provisions for refunds related to case document charges.

e) Explanations on Fiduciary Services Rendered on Behalf of Third Parties:

The Group acts as an investment agent for the trading of marketable securities and provides custodian services on behalf of its customers.

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IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

a) Information on interest income:

1. Information on interest income received from loans:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest Income on Loans (*)				
Short-Term Loans	648.934	93.293	305.930	44.834
Medium and Long-Term Loans	88.547	138.669	58.360	111.818
Interest on Loans Under Follow-Up	11.277	286	4.951	222
Resource Utilization Support Fund	-	-	-	-
Total	748.758	232.248	369.241	156.874

(*) Fee and commission income from cash loans are included.

2. Information on interest income received from banks:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The CBRT	851	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	19.296	-	25.789	1
Foreign Banks	400	227	146	78
Headquarters and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	20.547	227	25.935	79

3. Information on interest income on marketable securities:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	24.056	2.419	25.155	2.021
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	168.088	-	167.620	-
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	-	-	-	-
Total	192.144	2.419	192.775	2.021

4. Information on interest income received from investments in associates and subsidiaries:

As of 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021, the Parent Bank has no interest income received from investments in associates and subsidiaries.

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IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (Continued)

b) Information on interest expense:

1. Information on interest expense on funds borrowed:

	Current Period 31 March 2022		Prior Period 31 March 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	-	39.420	-	29.929
The CBRT	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	-	-	-	-
Foreign Banks	-	39.420	-	29.929
Headquarters and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	-	-	-	-
Total	-	39.420	-	29.929

2. Information on interest expense paid to associates and subsidiaries:

None.

3. Information on interest expense paid on securities issued:

	Current Period 31 March 2022		Prior Period 31 March 2021	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest expense to marketable securities issued	20.217	-	43.418	-
Total	20.217	-	43.418	-

4. Maturity structure of the interest expense on deposits:

Current Period: 31 March 2022	Demand Deposit	Time Deposit					Cumulative Deposit	Total
		Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Month	Up to 6 Month	Up to 1 Year	More Than 1 year		
Turkish Lira								
Interbank deposits	-	12.674	-	-	-	-	-	12.674
Saving deposits	-	87.164	138.582	106.773	10.223	16.140	-	358.882
Public sector deposits	-	1.640	-	-	-	-	-	1.640
Commercial deposits	-	148.864	19.858	2.135	18.413	2.777	-	192.047
Other deposits	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	6
Deposits with 7 days maturity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	250.348	158.440	108.908	28.636	18.917	-	565.249
Foreign Currency								
Foreign currency deposits	-	4.053	5.895	164	45	101	-	10.258
Interbank deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits with 7 days maturity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious metal deposits	-	1	119	4	2	-	-	126
Total	-	4.054	6.014	168	47	101	-	10.384
Grand Total	-	254.402	164.454	109.076	28.683	19.018	-	575.633

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Prior Period: 31 March 2021	Demand Deposit	Time Deposit					Cumulative Deposit	Total
		Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Month	Up to 6 Month	Up to 1 Year	More Than 1 year		
Turkish Lira								
Interbank deposits	-	12.861	-	-	-	-	-	12.861
Saving deposits	-	33.279	154.727	9.281	7.924	1.896	-	207.107
Public sector deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial deposits	-	47.717	12.204	1.641	127	-	-	61.689
Other deposits	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
Deposits with 7 days maturity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	93.860	166.931	10.922	8.051	1.896	-	281.660
Foreign Currency								
Foreign currency deposits	-	2.398	7.130	319	482	95	-	10.424
Interbank deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits with 7 days maturity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious metal deposits	-	4	115	1	2	-	-	122
Total	-	2.402	7.245	320	484	95	-	10.546
Grand Total	-	96.262	174.176	11.242	8.535	1.991	-	292.206

5. Information on interest given on repurchase agreements:

As of 31 March 2022, the Group has interest given on repurchase agreements amounting to TL 21.470 (31 March 2021: TL 28.043).

6. Information on finance lease expenses:

As of 31 March 2022, the Group has lease expenses amounting to TL 3.654 (31 March 2021: TL 5.766).

7. Information on interest given on factoring payables:

The Group has no interest given on factoring payables during the period ended on 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021.

c) Explanations on dividend income:

The Group's dividend income for the interim accounting period ending on 31 March 2022 is TL 4.176 (31 March 2021: None).

d) Information on trading income/loss (Net):

1. Trading income/loss (Net):

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 March 2021
Profit	133.977.186	84.265.389
Capital Market Transactions Income	175.679	131.802
Gain on Derivative Financial Transactions	3.433.463	2.801.495
Foreign Exchange Gains	130.368.044	81.332.092
Loss (-)	133.453.073	84.195.833
Capital Market Transactions Loss	95.751	140.900
Loss on Derivative Financial Transactions	3.123.726	2.582.985
Foreign Exchange Loss	130.233.596	81.471.948
Total (Net)	524.113	69.556

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IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (Continued)

e) Information on other operating income:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 March 2021
Reverse of Previous Years Expenses ^(*)	21.826	67.026
Gain on Sale of Assets ^(**)	117	26.333
Provision for Telecommunication Expense	1.104	902
Other Income	29.477	8.053
Total	52.524	102.314

^(*) Consist of collections or cancellations made from amounts transferred to expense accounts through special provision in previous years.

^(**) Income from the sale of real estate held by the Bank is shown in the line of Gain on Sale of Assets.

f) Impairment Provisions Related to Loans and Other Receivables of The Bank:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 March 2021
Expected Credit Loss	139.712	39.816
12 Months Expected Credit Loss (Stage 1)	2.238	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	137.474	39.816
Non-performing Loans (Stage 3)	-	-
Marketable Securities Impairment Expense	9.262	1.704
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	5.857	1.704
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	3.405	-
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Held-to-Maturity Securities Value Decrease	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Ventures)	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	148.974	41.520

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IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (Continued)

g) Information related to other operating expenses:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 March 2021
Reserve for Employee Termination Benefits ^(*)	-	-
Bank Social Aid Provision Fund Deficit Provision	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Property and Equipment	-	-
Depreciation Expenses of Property and Equipment	18.180	19.403
Impairment Expenses of Intangible Assets	-	-
Goodwill Impairment Expenses	-	-
Amortization Expenses of Intangible Assets	23.387	13.192
Impairment Expenses of Equity participants for which Equity Method is Applied	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Assets Held for Sale	-	-
Depreciation Expenses on Assets Held for Sale	-	-
Impairment Expenses on Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	-	-
Other Operating Expenses	80.187	62.284
Leasing Expenses on TFRS 16 Exceptions	2.486	3.041
Maintenance Licensing Expenses	7.837	16.082
Maintenance Expenses	25.666	6.370
Communication Expenses	3.666	3.409
Advertisement Expenses	6.158	11.194
Other Expenses	34.374	22.188
Loss on Sales of Assets	3.539	1.512
Tax, Duties, Charges and Funds Expenses	33.289	27.350
Saving Deposit Insurance Fund Expenses	19.855	13.924
Other ^(*)	109.859	83.561
Total	288.296	221.226

^(*) Other line amount TL 109.859 (31 March 2021: TL 83.561) consists of balances from these items respectively; TL 345 of audit and consultancy fees (31 March 2021: TL 221), TL 49 of the arbitration committee expenses (31 March 2021: TL 146) and the remaining TL 109.465 consists of other expenses (31 March 2021: TL 83.194).

h) Explanation on income/loss before tax for the period for continued and discontinued operations:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

i) Information on tax provision for continuing and discontinued operations:

As of 31 March 2022, the current tax provision expense of the Group is TL 79.826 (31 March 2021: TL 20.813) and deferred tax expense is TL 83.069 (31 March 2021: TL 46.950 expense).

j) Explanation on net profit/loss for the period for continued and discontinued operations:

There are no matters to be disclosed regarding operating profit/loss after tax.

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IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (Continued)

k) Explanation on net profit and loss for the period:

1. Any further explanation on operating results needed for a proper understanding of the Bank’s performance:

Net interest income, amounting to TL 590.773 (31 March 2021: TL 444.136), net wage and commission income amounting to TL 181.878 (31 March 2021: TL 118.037) have an important role among the income items in the accounting period ending on 31 March 2022. The wage and commission income received from cash loans are presented in the net interest income. Considering the distribution in interest income, the most important sources of the Group’s interest income are the interests received from loans and interbank money market. The main portion of the interest expenses consists of the interests paid for deposits and loans received. The most important portion of the commission income consists of the commissions received from credit card transactions, TEFAS fund platform and other banking transactions.

2. The effect on the current period profit/loss of the changes in estimations related to financial statements made by the Group, explanation if any effect of these changes in the subsequent periods:

No changes have been made in the accounting estimates, which may have a material effect in current period and materially affect subsequent periods.

l) Explanation on other items stated in the income statement:

Explanations on “Other fees and commissions received” in the income statement:

	Current Period 31 March 2022	Prior Period 31 March 2021
Credit Card Transactions	55.228	41.309
Insurance Commissions	13.302	10.179
Commissions Received from Banking Transactions	5.454	2.829
Fund Platform	26.038	14.968
Other Fee and Commissions(*)	38.891	35.960
Total	138.913	105.245

(*) Includes brokerage commission income and other fund management commissions.

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**V. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED CHANGES IN
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**

**a) Information on the current year adjustments made in accordance with the
requirements of the accounting standard on financial instruments:**

**1. Decreases/increases after the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through other
comprehensive income:**

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

2. Information on increases in cash flow hedges:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

**b) Information on adjustments made for the application of standard on accounting for
financial instruments in the current Year:**

**1. Information on financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive
income:**

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

2. Information on cash flow hedges

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

c) Information on dividend distribution:

None.

d) Information on issuance of common stock:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

e) Effects of the adjustments to prior periods on the opening balance sheets:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

f) Offsetting prior period's losses:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

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**VI. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF
CASH FLOWS**

**a) Explanations about other cash flow items and the effect of changes in foreign exchange
rates on cash and cash equivalents:**

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

**b) Information on cash flow arising from acquisition of associates, subsidiaries and other
investments:**

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

c) Information on disposals of associates, subsidiaries or other investments:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

d) Information on cash and cash equivalents:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

e) Additional information:

None.

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VII. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO GROUP’S RISK GROUP

1. Volume of transactions with the Group’s risk group, lending and deposits outstanding at the period end and income and expenses in the current period:

Current Period – 31 March 2022:

Risk Group of the Group’s	Subsidiaries, Associates and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Ventures)		Direct or Indirect Shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other Individuals and Legal Entities in the Risk Group	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Opening Balance	-	-	-	539.102	172	-
Closing Balance	-	-	-	699.130	150	-
Interest and Commission Income	-	-	-	5.283	-	-

Prior Period – 31 December 2021:

Risk Group of the Group’s	Subsidiaries, Associates and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Ventures)		Direct or Indirect Shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other Individuals and Legal Entities in the Risk Group	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Opening Balance	-	-	49.609	535.289	408	-
Closing Balance	-	-	-	539.102	172	-
Interest and Commission Income ^(*)	-	-	146	131	-	-

^(*) The prior period balances present amounts of 31 March 2021.

2. Deposits held by the Group’s risk group:

Risk Group of the Group’s	Subsidiaries, Associates and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Ventures)		Direct or Indirect Shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other Individuals and Legal Entities in the Risk Group	
	Current Period 31 March 2022		Current Period 31 March 2022		Current Period 31 March 2022	
Deposit						
Opening Balance		5.032		180.832		69.784
Closing Balance		627		222.430		49.222
Interest expense on deposits ^(*)		-		-		151

Risk Group of the Group’s	Subsidiaries, Associates and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Ventures)		Direct or Indirect Shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other Individuals and Legal Entities in the Risk Group	
	Current Period 31 March 2022		Current Period 31 March 2022		Current Period 31 March 2022	
Deposit						
Opening Balance		2.640		186.266		42.579
Closing Balance		5.032		180.832		69.784
Interest expense on deposits ^(*)		-		-		466

^(*) The prior period balances present amounts of 31 March 2021.

3. Information on forward transactions, option agreements and similar transactions between the Group’s risk groups:

Risk Group of the Group’s	Subsidiaries, Associates and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Ventures)		Direct or Indirect Shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other Individuals and Legal Entities in the Risk Group	
	Current Period 31 March 2022		Current Period 31 March 2022		Current Period 31 March 2022	
The Fair Value Differences Through Profit and Loss						
Opening Balance		-		37.211.717		-
Closing Balance		-		58.111.321		-
Total Profit/Loss		-		320.961		-
Transactions for Hedging Purposes						
Opening Balance		-		-		-
Closing Balance		-		-		-
Total Profit/Loss		-		-		-

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VII. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO GROUP’S RISK GROUP (Continued)

Risk Group of the Group’s	Subsidiaries, Associates and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Ventures)	Direct or Indirect Shareholders of the Parent Bank	Other Individuals and Legal Entities in the Risk Group
	Current Period 31 March 2022	Current Period 31 March 2022	Current Period 31 March 2022
The Fair Value Differences Through Profit and Loss			
Opening Balance	-	42.775.309	2.623
Closing Balance	-	37.211.717	-
Total Profit/Loss	-	51.689	-
Transactions for Hedging Purposes			
Opening Balance	-	-	-
Closing Balance	-	-	-
Total Profit/Loss	-	-	-

(*) The prior period balances present amounts of 31 March 2021.

4. Explanations on total remuneration and other benefits, which are paid by the Group to top executives of the Group:

As of 31 March 2022, payment is made to the Board of Directors and top executives of the Group amounting to TL 35.879 (31 March 2021: TL 20.900).

VIII. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO DOMESTIC, FOREIGN, OFF-SHORE BRANCHES OR AFFILIATES AND FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GROUP

Information on the Group’s domestic and foreign branches and foreign representatives of the Parent Bank:

Not disclosed in compliance with interim financial statements.

IX. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

With the law numbered 7394 published in the Official Gazette dated 15 April 2022, banks, consumer finance companies, factoring and financial leasing companies, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies The corporate tax rate has been permanently increased to 25% for. For the mentioned companies, it is foreseen that this amendment will enter into force, starting with the declarations that must be submitted as of 1 July 2022 and being valid for the corporate earnings for the taxation period starting from 1 January 2022.

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SECTION SIX

EXPLANATIONS ON INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

I. EXPLANATIONS ON INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

The consolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2022 have been reviewed by PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. The independent auditor’s limited review report dated 24 May 2022 is presented preceding the consolidated financial statements.

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES PREPARED BY THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

None.

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**SECTION SEVEN
INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT**

**I. INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT WHICH WILL INCLUDE EVALUATIONS FROM
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
RELATED TO ACTIVITIES IN THE INTERIM PERIOD**

GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Summary information about HSBC Bank A.Ş.

HSBC Bank was established as Midland Bank Anonim Şirketi in Istanbul in 1990 and changed its title to HSBC Bank Anonim Şirketi in 1999.

HSBC Bank, which has been operating in the corporate banking field and capital markets since establishment, started providing personal banking services after 1997.

HSBC Bank expanded its products and services range with a branch network after HSBC Bank Plc. acquired Demirbank T.A.Ş. and its selected affiliates in September 2001 and merged with HSBC Bank A.Ş. in December 2001.

HSBC Bank provides services within fields such as Corporate Banking and Investment Banking, Retail Banking and Savings Management and Private Banking with its branches, telephone banking, ATM banking, and digital banking channels.

Based on the approval of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency dated 21 June 2017, 10,01% share of HSBC Bank Plc.'s 100% ownership of the Bank's capital was transferred to HSBC Bank Middle East Limited and remaining 89,99% share of HSBC Bank Plc. was transferred to HSBC Middle East Holdings B.V. through share transfer agreement dated 29 June 2017.

2. Capital and shareholding structure

The Bank has made no changes in their capital and shareholding structure as well as its shareholders who directly or indirectly; individually or as a group has an influence over the Bank's audit and management, as of the accounting period ended on 31 March 2022. HSBC Middle East Holdings B.V. has a shareholding rate of 89,99% and HSBC Bank Middle East Limited has 10,01% shareholding rate of the Bank's shares. HSBC Bank A.Ş.'s Chairman of the Board of Directors, its members, and general manager and his/her assistants' shares of ownership are insignificant. As of 31 March 2022, HSBC Bank A.Ş.'s paid-in capital is TL 652.290 Thousand and its capital structure is as follows.

Shareholder's Name and Surname/Title	Numbe of shares	Share amount (TL)
Publicly offered	-	-
Non-publicly offered	65.229.000.000	652.290.000
HSBC Middle East Holdings B.V.	58.699.577.100	586.995.771
HSBC Bank Middle East Limited	6.529.422.600	65.294.226
HSBC Group Nominees UK Limited	100	1
HSBC Latin America Holdings (UK) Limited	100	1
HSBC Overseas Holdings (UK) Limited	100	1
Total	65.229.000.000	652.290.000

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3. Information on Branches and Personnel

As of 31 March 2022, the Parent Bank has 70 branches dispersed throughout the country (31 December 2021: 70 branches). As of 31 March 2022, the number of employees of the group is 1.916 (31 December 2021: 1.925).

4. Amendments made to the articles of association during the period

HSBC Bank A.Ş.’s Articles of Association had no changes in 1 January – 31 March 2022 period.

5. Chairman and Members of the Board of Directors

As of 31 March 2022, the members of the Board of Directors are as follows.

Name and Surname	Title
Paul Joseph Lawrence	Chairman of the Board
Didem Çerçi	Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors
Süleyman Selim Kervancı	Member, CEO
Robert Adrian Underwood	Member
Ayşe Ebru Dorman	Member
Robert Cyril Oates	Member
Christopher James Hatton	Member

6. Audit Committee

HSBC Bank A.Ş. Audit Committee was selected from members of the Board of Directors and consists of one chairman and two member who do not have operational duties.

Name and Surname	Title
Didem Çerçi	Head of the Audit Committee
Robert Adrian Underwood	Member of the Audit Committee
Christopher James Hatton	Member of the Audit Committee

Audit Committee, on behalf of HSBC Bank A.Ş. Board of Directors, is in charge and responsible for supervising efficiency and competency of the Bank’s internal systems, operation of such systems and accounting and reporting systems within the framework of Banking Law and relevant regulations, and also supervising the consistency of the information provided, making the necessary pre-assessments related to the selection of evaluations and support service institutions by the Board of Directors and regularly following the activities of such institutions, which were selected and made in agreement with the Board of Directors, and maintaining and coordinating the consolidation of internal audit activities of partnerships subject to consolidation as per the regulations with regard to the Banking Law.

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7. Executive Management

HSBC Bank A.Ş. Executive Management as of 31 March 2022.

Name and Surname	Title	Area of Responsibility
Süleyman Selim Kervancı	CEO	HSBC Bank A.Ş.
Anthony Wright	Executive Vice Presidents	Credit and Risk
Ayşe Yenel	Executive Vice Presidents	Retail Banking
Burçin Ozan	Executive Vice Presidents	Finance
Tuğçe Bora Kılıç	Executive Vice Presidents	Technology and Services
Dilek Güleç Salzberg	Executive Vice Presidents	Global Banking
Caner Işlak	Executive Vice Presidents	Corporate Banking
Funda Temoçin Aydoğan	Executive Vice Presidents	Human Resources
İbrahim Namık Aksel	Executive Vice Presidents	Treasury and Capital Markets
Tolga Tüzüner	Head Legal Advisor	Legal

8. HSBC Bank’s Financial Power Rating

According to Moody’s Credit Rating Institution’s evaluations, HSBC Bank A.Ş.’s rating as of 31 March 2022 is as follows.

Definition	Rating
Baseline Credit Assessment	Caa1
Outlook	Negatif
Long-term foreign currency deposit rating	B2
Long-term TL deposit rating	B1
Short-term foreign currency deposit rating	NP
Short-term TL deposit rating	NP
Long-term national scale TL deposit	Aa2.tr

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9. Summary of consolidated financial information for the period

HSBC Bank A.Ş. introduce customers to international market opportunities, continue to create value for them and support them in expanding our customers' business using our global network, knowledge and expertise. The synergy Bank have created with our customers and grow together with our customers and to Turkey's economy has continued to add value to the banking sector.

According to consolidated financial statements, for the period ending on 31 March 2022, HSBC Bank A.Ş.'s total assets realised at TL 77 billion increased by 1% compared to the end of 2021. Loans, which form nearly 44% of the assets, seem to be around TL 34 billion. Deposits, which are the balance sheet's biggest funding source, have been realised at around TL 61 billion and formed 80% of liabilities. The balance sheet's consolidated items groups' period-end balances on the relevant dates are shown below.

ASSETS (Thousand TL)	31.03.2022	31.12.2021
Financial Assets (Net)	41.766.562	46.058.936
Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	33.671.778	28.321.471
Non-Current Assets or Disposal Groups “Held for Sale” and “Held from Discontinued Operations” (Net)	-	-
Equity Investments	-	220
Property and Equipment (Net)	179.592	186.546
Intangible Assets (Net)	244.930	242.695
Investment Property (Net)	-	-
Current Tax Asset	-	-
Deferred Tax Asset	588.540	668.896
Other Assets	358.007	256.740
Total Assets	76.809.409	75.735.504
LIABILITIES (Thousand TL)	31.03.2022	31.12.2021
Deposits	61.209.559	57.925.741
Funds Borrowed	1.062.859	957.868
Money markets	3.020	2.309.195
Securities Issued (Net)	404.507	529.156
Funds	-	-
Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	-	-
Derivative Financial Liabilities	4.565.424	4.975.272
Factoring Liabilities	-	-
Lease Liabilities	76.338	102.267
Provisions	250.987	211.029
Current Tax Liability	223.241	647.271
Deferred Tax Liability	-	-
Liabilities Related to Non-Current Assets “Held For Sale” and “Held from Discontinued Operations”(Net)	-	-
Subordinated Debt	2.139.230	1.984.831
Other Liabilities	1.951.067	1.673.420
Shareholders' Equity	4.923.177	4.419.454
Total Liabilities	76.809.409	75.735.504

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Information related to HSBC Bank’s consolidated income statement for 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021 were shown below with the changes.

STATEMENT OF INCOME (Thousand TL)	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Net Interest Income	590.773	444.136
Other Non-Interest Income	762.691	289.907
Total Operating Income/Expense	1.353.464	734.043
Other Operating Expenses (-)	534.980	376.463
Provision for Loan Losses (-)	155.240	50.908
Net Operating Income/(Loss)	663.244	306.672
Tax Provision (-)	(162.895)	67.763
NET PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	500.349	238.909

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Message from Paul Joseph Lawrence, Chairman of the Board

In the last quarter of 2021, while the global economy was trying to recover from the negative effects of Covid-19, the problem between Russia and Ukraine led to a refugee crisis in Eastern Europe. As a result of these developments, global economies are experiencing supply shocks and fluctuations in financial markets. These risks have already increased the inflationary pressure triggered by the pandemic process. Due to these negative factors, some deterioration was observed in the 2021 global economic outlook.

The Turkish economy maintained its positive growth performance in the first quarter of the year, thanks to supportive real loan rates and strong exports. However, the widening current account deficit due to inflation and rising energy prices continues to cause concern despite strong growth and export performance. On the monetary policy side, the Central Bank has kept the policy rate unchanged since December after cutting it by five percentage points in the September-December 2021 period. Despite the current negative real deposit rates, the FX-indexed Turkish Lira deposit product introduced in December seems to have provided some stability to the Turkish lira by hindering the demand for foreign currency.

Maintaining its steady growth in the first quarter of 2022, our bank continued to support our economy with all its resources. In the same period, our bank's cash loans increased by 19% compared to the end of the previous year and reached TL 33.6 billion, while customer deposits, our main funding source, rose to TL 61.2 billion. As HSBC, we continue to support the Turkish economy and our customers, despite the current risks. While maintaining our solid balance sheet structure, we lead the market with our diversified financing models and financing solutions compatible with our sustainability strategy, to be used in investments made in our country.

Despite operating in a challenging market environment, we continue to create value for our shareholders, customers, employees and the society in which we operate, with the dedication of our employees, our strong and resilient operating model, and our prudent risk management strategy. I would like to thank our Board of Directors, Senior Management, employees and customers for their trust and loyalty to HSBC.

Kind regards,

Paul Joseph Lawrence
Chairman

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Message from the CEO

The first quarter of 2022 has been a period of extraordinary developments in the global economy due to the conflict between Russia and Ukraine. It was an unfortunate development that the said crisis was experienced at a time when the world economy left behind the negative effects of Covid-19 and entered the recovery process. We see that the problem between the two countries has important repercussions on the global economy through commodity and energy prices, trade and financial markets - by triggering supply shocks and further increasing the already existing inflationary pressures. As a result of these developments, the central banks of many countries switched to monetary tightening policies to combat global inflation. The new closures in China also led to breaks in the global supply chain. Due to these developments, we observe that countries have difficulties in determining their policy preferences and the risks to the global economic outlook have increased somewhat.

After the 11% growth recorded in 2021 in Turkey, strong economic activity continued in the first quarter with the contribution of solid export performance. However, the manufacturing purchasing managers index (PMI) fell slightly below the 50 level in March, while the pace of economic activity slowed down, albeit slightly. Consumer inflation also increased due to the relatively strong domestic demand, exchange rate pass-through and the global rise in commodity prices. On the other hand, the narrowing in the current account deficit was replaced by widening with the rising energy bill in the first quarter of the year. Despite the increasing current account deficit, the FX-indexed TL deposit product and the CBRT's FX sales ensured relative stability in the TL in the first quarter as of December.

We observed that the banking sector recovery process, which started in 2021, gained momentum in the first quarter of 2022. With the effect of high inflation, the assets of the banking sector increased by 56% in the first quarter of the year compared to the previous year. However, due to global developments, fluctuations in the markets and increasing geopolitical risks, it is critical to closely follow the developments in the markets.

Our bank, on the other hand, continued to achieve consistently successful results in the first quarter of the year by supporting our economy and our customers. In the first quarter of 2022, we achieved a 19% increase in our loans. Our bank, which also prioritized protecting its asset quality in this period, succeeded in improving our asset quality periodically, thanks to its prudent approach. In the same period, we continued to closely monitor our capital and liquidity position, taking into account the volatile market conditions and geopolitical risks. Thanks to our effective balance sheet management and strong capital structure, we will continue to support our economy uninterruptedly.

Sustainability and financing remains the main focus of our strategy. We made a quick start to 2022 in this field by taking part in the sukuk issuance of the Turkish Treasury. The issue represents the largest international sukuk issuance outside the Gulf Cooperation Council countries and the highest amount of issuance in a single tranche for Turkey (including traditional or sukuk issuances). HSBC maintained its leading position in the sector in 2022 and signed important transactions in the first quarter. These transactions include export financing of recycled paper for Turkey's leading paper producer, an electric vehicle loan for one of the leading automotive companies, and the issuance of Sustainability Indexed Bonds for an industry-leading beverage company. We maintain our focus and work in the field of ESG. We are further enriching our trade receivable-based financing product portfolio that we offer to our customers with new ESG-themed products.

With the change in customer expectations during the pandemic period, Covid-19 accelerated digitalization in the banking sector. As HSBC, we continue to lead this change in trends. Fully digital, remote customer acquisition; We continue to simplify the end-to-end banking experience we offer to our customers with our investment account opening through digital channels, E-trader platform projects and superior savings management service.

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RELATED TO ACTIVITIES IN THE INTERIM PERIOD (Continued)**

The most important power behind our successful performance is our employees. As always, we continue to empower our employees by offering contemporary and innovative working methods, with our strong corporate culture that prioritizes the well-being and development of our employees, and to invest in the skills of the future in the business life of the future.

As HSBC Turkey, the strength we have with our expertise and prudent risk management strategy; we continue to use it to create the highest value for our customers, employees, shareholders and the society we are in. On behalf of the leadership at our bank, I would like to thank our employees at HSBC Turkey for their performance and their continued dedication. I would also like to express my gratitude to all our stakeholders who see us as their main bank with the confidence they have.

Sincerely,

Selim Kervancı
Chief Executive Officer

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH,
SEE IN NOTE 3.I**

**NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AT 31 MARCH 2022**

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TL”).)

**I. INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT WHICH WILL INCLUDE EVALUATIONS FROM CHAIRMAN
OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER RELATED TO
ACTIVITIES IN THE INTERIM PERIOD (Continued)**

10. Additional Information on Period Between 01.01.2022-31.03.2022

None.

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